

The Afternoon Paper is the Busy Man's Paper, The Working Man's Paper, The Busy Housewife's Paper. In Busy Greensboro The Afternoon Paper Is Everybody's Paper.

NATIONAL NEWS
ASSOCIATION
SPECIAL WIRE
SERVICE.

THE GREENSBORO TELEGRAM

NATIONAL NEWS
ASSOCIATION
SPECIAL WIRE
SERVICE.

ESTABLISHED IN 1897.

GREENSBORO, N. C., TUESDAY EVENING, AUGUST 8, 1911.

VOL. 14. NO. 319.

SEWER CONNECTIONS MUST BE MADE SAY THE COMMISSIONERS

Emergency Ordinance Passed Yes-
terday and Commissioner Brown
Says He Will See That Provisions
of Ordinance are Carried out—
Effective at Once.

At yesterday afternoon's meeting of the Board of Commissioners an ordinance providing that all property owners owning property on streets on which there is water and sewerage shall at once connect the said premises with the sewer lines and discontinue all surface pipes, remove them or put a solid floor in them so they cannot be used for pipes.

The ordinance is declared an emergency ordinance for the protection of the health of the public and as such is declared effective at once, as provided in section 29 of the charter of the city.

Commissioner of Safety Brown stated today that the work of requiring property owners to connect with the sewer and destroy surface closets on streets on which there are sewer lines will be taken up systematically by streets until the entire city is covered. He believes that this method of procedure will eliminate much objection that had been met with heretofore when the city attempted to compel sewer connections in that it will assure them that each one will be required to connect. In case a property owner fails to connect within thirty days after notice to connect has been served he will be haled before Judge Pace and fined not exceeding \$50 in the discretion of the court.

The ordinance makes it unlawful for any person to erect a surface privy without obtaining a permit from the building inspector or for any person to erect a residence on a street on which there is a sewer line without having same connected with the sewer and closets, lavatories and baths attached.

The ordinance in full is published in today's Telegram.

The task of compelling people to connect with sewers has heretofore been too big for city officials and after a few attempts has been abandoned. Now with the government systematically arranged and officials who devote their entire time to the city's business it is believed that, once assured that all property owners will be treated alike, those who have heretofore refused to put in sewer connections will respond readily.

PLANS FOR NEW BUILDINGS AT GUILFORD COLLEGE

Special to Telegram.
Guilford College, Aug. 8.—Mrs. Anderson and children, of Charlotte, are spending a month here in the "White Cottage."

The plans of Hook and Rodgers, architects of Charlotte, are accepted for the new buildings at the college, the dormitory and meeting house. Both buildings are to be large brick structures, and are two models of their kind.

Preparations have been made to entertain a large crowd here for Yearly Meeting which begins Tuesday. Several noted preachers will be here.

Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Burns, of High Point, visited relatives here recently. Mr. Harrison Frazier and bride are expected to visit relatives here this week. Rev. Waldo Wooly conducted the services at eleven o'clock Sunday at the Friends church here.

Mr. and Mrs. James Brown spent a few days in Norfolk last week.

Mrs. Lee Smith has relatives visiting her from Florida.

Miss Lila Smith, of Norfolk, is spending a month here. Miss Sallie White spent a few days in Greensboro last week visiting her brother, David White.

Miss Sallie Benbow has returned from a month's vacation.

Rev. Joseph Peele and family returned last week from Knoxville, Tenn.

Nicaragua Town Flooded.
San Juan Del Sur, Nicaragua, Aug. 8.—Floods have submerged Rama and it is feared that the loss of life has been heavy.

TODAY

Is Strenuous One for
Togo--Reception To-
night at Army and
Navy Club.

Washington, Aug. 8.—Admiral Togo spent another strenuous day. He visited the navy yards this morning, lunched with Assistant Secretary of State Wilson and visited the tomb of Admiral Sperry, at Arlington. Tonight he will be the honor guest at a dinner given by the Secretary of the Navy, after which there will be a reception at the Army and Navy Club in his honor.

SMUGGLING PLOT BROKEN UP TODAY

Boston, Aug. 8.—A plot to smuggle \$100,000 worth of German tobacco through the customs house was unearthed this morning. Peter Bray, foreman of the Charleston docks, has been arrested for being implicated in the scheme.

BANKERS OF STATE MEET TOMORROW AT WRIGHTSVILLE

Two Day's Session will
be Largely Attended
--Prominent Bank-
ers Present.

Special to Telegram.
Wilmington, Aug. 8.—The fifth annual convention of the County Bankers' Association of North Carolina will be held in the assembly hall of the Oceanic Hotel, Wrightsville Beach, tomorrow and Thursday, and delegates to the meeting are already arriving. Fully 300 visitors are expected to be on the beach as result of the convention and probably 200 of this number will be members of the association, the other 100 being members of their families and friends. The local committee on arrangements has everything in readiness for the meeting, which promises to be the best attended and most profitable ever held by the association, which is composed of practically all the country bankers in North Carolina within a radius of Hamlet.

It was Hamlet that the organization was formed five years ago, the original purpose being to provide something in the way of a substitute for those bankers who could not very well attend the established association, and the meetings were held in the small towns within the territory from which its members were selected. The attendance grew larger from year to year and this year it was conceded by all that no town in the territory had sufficient accommodations to care for all likely to attend. Therefore when Chas. N. Evans, president of the Southern National Bank, for the local bankers and the Oceanic Hotel, of which he is a director, extended a most cordial invitation to meet at Wrightsville Beach it did not take much persuasion to get acceptance. Practically every bank in the territory will be represented by one or more delegates, it is expected. Several bankers have already arrived for the meeting, going on through to Wrightsville Beach.

The local committee, composed of Chas. N. Evans, chairman; Chas. E. Taylor, Jr., and J. W. Yates, have completed all arrangements and everything is now in readiness for the convention. Lacy Williams, cashier of the Bank of Marion, and secretary of the association, is expected to arrive today at noon as well as a large number of other bankers. The visitors will be well cared for at the Oceanic, which will be their headquarters.

The opening session of the convention will be held Wednesday evening, beginning at 8:30 o'clock, in the ball room of the Oceanic.

(Continued on Page Eight.)

Col. John Jacob Astor, Hundred Time Millionaire,
Will Wed Girl a Year Younger Than His Son.



Colonel John Jacob Astor, the great-grandson of the founder of the Astor millions, is to be married in the fall to Miss Madeleine Talmage Force, eighteen years old. Colonel Astor is forty-seven and has a son one year older than his bride to be. Colonel Astor is reputed to be worth more than \$100,000,000. His first wife, who was Miss Ava Willing of Philadelphia, divorced him in March, 1910. Miss Force is extremely pretty. She met Colonel Astor at Bar Harbor last summer. During the winter, with her mother and sister, she was a frequent occupant of the famous Astor box in the "golden horseshoe" at the Metropolitan Opera House.

BOOK AGENT MERITS CONDEMNATION SAYS COMMISSION

W. C. Warfield Found
Guilty of Improper
Conduct—A. J. Bar-
wick Exonerated.

Special to Telegram.

Raleigh, Aug. 8.—The State Textbook Commission and Sub-Commission completed the investigation of the rumors of scandalous conduct on the part of certain bookmen and others that have been rift here several days last night and issued after midnight a statement of finding that exonerates A. J. Barwick, chief clerk of the State Department of Education, from all criticism and declares that W. C. Warfield, of the World Book Company, was guilty of improper conduct and merits severe condemnation.

The statement of the commission sets out that in the last days of June W. C. Warfield, agent for the World Book Company, approached W. S. Gooch,

agent for the MacMillan Co. and repre-
sented that he, Warfield, "held the key
to the situation in North Carolina," that
he had a friend in the department of the
superintendent of public instruction, to-
wit, A. J. Barwick, and through this
friend he could bring such influence to
bear on the sub-commission as would in-
sure the adoption of certain books pub-
lished by the MacMillan Co., that the
work and influence of himself and friends
would be worth fifteen hundred dollars,
and that he would undertake to secure
the adoption of the books for the sum

named and that if he did not succeed he
would make no charge. That Warfield
made a similar representation and pro-
position to F. H. Perry, representing
Rand, McNally & Co., though he told
Gooch that no such proposition had been
made to anyone else, that both Gooch
and Perry declined to enter into any ar-
rangement and Perry caused the matter
to be reported to the chairman of the

commission and that if he did not succeed he
would make no charge. That Warfield
made a similar representation and pro-
position to F. H. Perry, representing
Rand, McNally & Co., though he told
Gooch that no such proposition had been
made to anyone else, that both Gooch
and Perry declined to enter into any ar-
rangement and Perry caused the matter
to be reported to the chairman of the

commission, having cleared up the

scandal that has cropped out in the con-
test, will proceed now as speedily as

possible during the next few days to

definitely adopt the text books to be

used in the public schools.

DR. ANDERSON FINED
FOR AUTO SPEEDING

Winston, Aug. 8.—Dr. Neal L. Anderson
was fined \$5 and the costs by Judge Hastings in Municipal court yesterday

morning on charge of violating the

speed law on July 26. Policeman Smothers,

the officer in the case, stated that

his stop-watch indicated that Dr. And-
erson was going at the rate of 17 1-2

miles an hour.

Dr. Anderson stated that although he

had no recollection of the matter, he

was glad to pay the fine as it would be

an object lesson of the need of greater

care in driving automobiles in the city

and that he hoped that the law would

be rigidly enforced against reckless driv-

ing, as there was entirely too much of

it here.

Lone Case in Municipal Court.

Bob Portillo, colored, was the only

defendant appearing in Municipal court

this morning in a case charging him

with retailing. He showed, however,

that he was not the man wanted by the

police and the case was not pressed by

Prosecuting Attorney Brown.

Commission Wants Discharge.

Louisville, Ky., Aug. 8.—The legisla-

tive commission appointed, and allowed

an appropriation of \$100,000, to run down

the murderers of Governor Gobel, re-

ports that \$18,990 had been spent with-

out results. The commission asked for

its discharge.

LECONTE

Governing Haiti With
Firm Hand--Work on
National Railway
Resumed.

Port Au Prince, Aug. 8.—General Le-
conte is governing firmly. No further
disorders have been reported. Congress
assembles on Thursday. The work on
the national railway being built with
American capital has been resumed.

Despite the fact that no further dis-
order is looked for foreign warships will
remain in the harbor indefinitely.

THIRTY-SIX DROWNED IN NILE RIVER

Alexandria, Egypt, Aug. 8.—An ex-
cursion boat on the Nile river sank near
Kafrelzazat today, drowning thirty-six
English tourists.

TESTIMONY OF BEGKEMEYER WAS "PACKED"

This the Charge Made
by Lorimer's At-
torney---Steel Trust
Investigation.

Washington, Aug. 8.—The Lorimer
committee resumed its consideration with
H. J. C. Beckmeyer, the Chicago lawyer,
on the stand. A dramatic incident oc-
curred during his testimony, which fol-
lowed uninteresting lines, when Judge Haney,
counsel for Lorimer, charged that Beckmeyer's testimony was "pack-
ed" to coincide with the testimony given
by Charles A. White, the confessed
bribe-taker. When discrepancies were
discovered between the testimony given by
Beckmeyer at the Illinois state in-
vestigation and his testimony given here,
Beckmeyer said his memory has been
refreshed in the meantime and that his testimony in Springfield was wrong.

The House Stanley committee met
this morning to continue its investiga-
tion of the Steel Trust, with George W.
Perkins, former partner of J. P. Morgan,
on the stand. Before his testimony, Counsel
Lindaburg stated to the com-
mittee that wrong report had become
current that steel trust owned forty to
fifty per cent of the iron ores in the
southern field. "I will welcome any
evidence on this subject" said Counsel
Lindaburg.

GOVERNOR TO REVIEW THE FIRST REGIMENT.

Special to Telegram.

Raleigh, Aug. 8.—Governor Kitchin
left this afternoon for Camp Glenn,
Morehead, to review the First Regiment
in annual encampment there. He will
be joined there by a number of the mem-
bers of his personal staff from various
sections of the State, including Col. C.
B. Armstrong, Gastonia; H. A. Grady, Clinton; Chas.
E. Johnson, Raleigh; H. Montague, Winston-Salem; Jno. C. Mills, Rutherfordton; Col. A. J. Field, private secre-
tary, who is also a member of the personal
staff, but he could not accompany the
governor.

MEN WHO SHOT NEGRO UNDER FIFTY DOLLAR BOND.

Special to Telegram.

Raleigh, Aug. 8.—J. H. Council and
his son, Swaney, of Beaver Dam town-
ship, who threshed and shot John Hatch,
colorable, because he kept their horse and
buggy out longer than he ought, have
given bonds of \$50 each for trial later.
Hatch is improving slowly at St. Au-
gustine hospital here.

Death At Soldiers' Home.

Raleigh, Aug. 8.—This morning there
was held at the Soldiers' Home the fun-
eral of Comrade J. W. Fowler, aged 73
years, who came to the Home from
Cumberland county in 1901. He was a
member of Company A, Fifth Regiment,
North Carolina troops.

FUNERAL OF ENGINEER HICKS HELD TODAY.

Special to Telegram.

Raleigh, Aug. 8.—The funeral of En-
gineer Dan Hicks, who lost his life in
the Seaboard Air Line collision near
Petersburg Sunday night, was held from
Central Methodist church here today and
was a large and impressive funeral, the
Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers
taking an important part. He is sur-
vived by Mrs. Hicks, who was Miss
Wylie, of Greensboro, and by six chil-
dren. He was very highly esteemed.

YEARLY MEETING OF FRIENDS BEGAN THIS MORNING

Number of Friends From Various
Sections of State Already in At-
tendance—Several Hundred Ex-
pected—Formal Opening Session
Tomorrow—The Program.

The Yearly Meeting of North Caro-
lina Friends convened this morning at
Guilford College, or rather the prelimi-
nary meetings were held. The meeting
proper begins tomorrow at 10 o'clock.
Already there are a number of Friends
present from all parts of the State,
while the attendance by Sunday is ex-
pected to reach between six hundred
and a thousand.

This morning at 10 o'clock was held
a meeting of the permanent board, the
duties being to examine the financial
condition of the denomination in this
State. The board adjourned to meet
again Thursday. Herbert Nicholson and
Mrs. Hackney, of Greensboro, were made
clerks to the board.

This afternoon at 3 o'clock there was
a meeting of the Ministry and Oversight
Committee. At 8 tonight will be held a
conference of Christian workers.

Already a number of the prominent
Friends who will make addresses before
the gathering have arrived and others
are expected on almost every train.
Among those present are Timothy
Nicholson and Charles Tebbets, of
Richmond, Ind., the latter being secre-
tary of the

THE GREENSBORO TELEGRAM

Established 1897.

Every afternoon except Sunday by
THE TELEGRAM COMPANY,
208 South Davie Street, Greensboro, N. C.
TELEPHONE NO. 59.

J. T. FAIN, - Editor and Manager.
J. N. BENTON, - - City Editor.
H. E. OLIVER - Circulation Manager.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

Delivered by carrier in Greensboro:
Per week \$1.00
Per month45
Per year \$5.00

Subscription Rates by Mail.
Daily, one year \$3.00
Daily, six months 1.50
Daily, three months75
Daily, one month25

Subscribers desiring the address of their paper changed will please give both the old and the new addresses.

The Telegram does not accept whisky, beer or objectionable advertising.

The Telegram makes a nominal charge for Cards of Thanks, Resolutions of Respect and formal Lodge Notices.



"South Carolina's Smith clings to the old fashioned notion that a Senator's place is in the Senate," says the Columbia State. However, it must be observed in the case of South Carolina's Smith that he has never had the opportunity of being Governor and Senator at the same time.

The Governor of South Carolina announces that he does not propose to take a vacation. The Governor is right. When the people of a commonwealth elect a man like Bleas to the highest office in the State he should stay on the job all the time and endeavor to make the people so tired and sick that they will be more careful in the future about selecting a man for Governor.

The efforts of the city officials of Greensboro to rid the place of cocaine dens and cocaine merchants meets with the approval of all good citizens. The movement is likewise being commended from one end of the State to the other. Such movements are always talked about, and the more they are talked about the more advertising of the right kind the city will get. It never hurts any city to be known as a clean, decent, law-abiding place. The bad element may steer clear of such a place, but it will attract good citizens.

The Charlotte Observer is not favorably impressed with the "back home" movement, which it is said is designed to induce people who have left the southeastern States for the West to return to this section. It is doubtful, as the Observer says, if much lasting benefit can be derived from this movement. A practical movement, however, and one which will accomplish results, would be a campaign to acquaint the people of the Southeast with the fact that they live in about the best section of the entire Union and should remain in this section. If the tide of emigration which has been flowing for years to the West can be stayed, this section will soon feel the effects of it.

The conservative Columbia State speaks of "Morganized" newspapers. Now listen for the howling of the hit dogs. Anything said about subsidized newspapers always starts loud talking in certain quarters, and if the public seeks the source of the noise the subsidized newspapers will generally be found making it. As to the term "Morganized," it may be applied to all the cases of this kind in a general way, but other terms would have to be used to cover specific cases. Most of the country's special interests have their newspapers somewhere in the country. Some are owned outright, some are controlled indirectly and others are regularly on the payrolls of the trusts and receive sums which are credited to advertising which is never published, or covered up in some other way. It will be well for the public to keep a sharp lookout for newspapers owned or controlled by the "interests." As long as they remain under cover and masquerade in the guise of respectability, they can do this country and the public great harm. When once exposed their power ends and there is no longer any reason to anticipate danger from that quarter. One of the greatest services it is possible to perform for the public welfare is to uncover the subsidized newspaper to the just condemnation and scorn of all honest men.

The People's Way.

The people are determined to have their own way. This invincible resolve of the people to work out their own salvation by methods chosen by themselves is the fact which includes all other civic facts of the time. It is the universal key which unlocks the door of every situation. It is the plummet which every political pilot must use, who honestly

wishes to fathom the minds of his fellowmen, and guide the ship of party afloat. It is the magnetic needs which must be pivoted beneath the compass-glass of every political organization that wants to know which way is North.

It is a truth whose forms of expression are many because its scope is wide as a nation of ninety million people. Direct primaries, direct election of Senators, the safe-guarding of elections by publicity, limitation of campaign expenses, with its elimination of unfair advantages of the wealthy candidate, or the candidate backed by rich and powerful interests, over the poor candidate, are all conspicuous examples of the determination of the people to assert the sovereignty reposed in them by the constitution.

The central principle underlying all these phases of a universal movement, is transfer of government, and of the party organization which is the material out of which government is made, from the hands of the few to the hands of the many. It is a reclamation, a reaffirmation, a recovery and a putting in practice, of the Democracy on which all American institutions are founded. Its object is to enable the people to act for themselves in all matters wherein immediate action by them is possible, and where it is not, to secure genuine representation of the people instead of the oligarchy of machines.

The favorite plea of those who are hostile to the people reserving for themselves the rights inherent in them, is that such popular control means disruption of party organization. On the contrary, it means a stronger party organization because, being composed of the people, denial of the organization would be repudiation of its members by themselves—a thing impossible. Take for example, the direct primary. It is no more a novelty—it has long been an established institution in many States. In all the history of the direct primary, never has party cohesion or discipline been disrupted by it. Whatever discomfiture it has caused, was discomfiture of personal ambition—of the greed of individuals for power. Party regularity, and party consistency, have been maintained and strengthened. Party effectiveness has been uniformly increased by transference of the means of party direction to the people. So long as parties exist, there must be leadership and discipline. Rule of the party by the people is the only source from which genuine leadership can be evolved. Self-discipline is the only discipline to which a self-respecting party will submit.

The people's control of party tactics, is the corner-stone of public confidence in party methods, men and measures. We are rapidly getting past the stage, when, if a party committee meets, if a party convention assembles, it will be assumed in the popular mind that such committee or convention is going to do what any man, or any group of men tells it to do. The era of direct action, of leadership that is responsible because it is responsive, and representative because it reflects the will of the people themselves or not at all, is at hand. The stigma will be removed from party mechanism because the cogs, wheels and levers of the mechanism without which no party can be run, will be composed of the people. The people are bound to have their own way, and they are getting it.—National Monthly.

The Cotton Tariff.

The North Carolina Senators are placing themselves in a ridiculous position by asking for "hearings" on the cotton tariff bill. Exhaustive hearings were had two years ago on this subject when the Aldrich-Payne law was passed, increasing the tariff on cotton goods. These hearings are always one-sided. The tariff beneficiaries are heard; the consumers never are. The purpose of the hearings now is delay. The beneficiaries of the tariff are the New England manufacturers of fine goods, not the Southern manufacturers. It is absurd to say that English spinners can buy cotton in the South and pay ocean and railroad freights on it to their mills in Lancashire, make it up and pay freight on the manufactured product back here and undersell our American manufacturers.—Spartanburg Journal.

Bryan "Bests" Bailey.

Senator Bailey of Texas, has not been doing so well of late, we are sorry to say. He made a hard fight against reciprocity when his party was nearly unanimous for it, and he has been saying things against Mr. Bryan which have caused that great leader distress. But, thank gracious! Mr. Bryan has not lost the power of speech, and he comes back to the Texan in a way to delight the spirit of even the most indifferent scrapper. Having expressed the opinion that as Mr. Bryan "has been three times the Presidential nominee of our party, and each defeat was more decisive than the preceding one," Senator Bailey expressed the opinion that it would only be natural if "Mr. Bryan would modestly distrust his capacity to select a successful candidate." Mr. Bryan retorts that while that might be a reason why he should not be a candidate he cannot understand why Mr. Bryan should leave the selection of a candidate to Mr. Bailey; because Mr. Bailey was largely instrumental in the selection of Judge Parker in 1904, and Judge Parker polled a million and a quarter less votes than Mr.

BUSINESS TELEGRAMS

If it can be bought for less, wouldn't you like to know where, and all about it—as ad-readers do?

If a store has decided to make your dollar worth a lot more than its face value today, you'll find the news and the details in that store's advertisement today.

No—it will never "pay to advertise" an inferior article, nor yet a too-high priced article, even though it be the best of its kind. If today's paper contained any advertising of that sort, it would be a failure!

Genuine buying opportunities are all that interest ad-readers. Offers to interest people who—through reading much advertising—know, must be very real price concessions, and must be made on very real values.

Bryan. That seems to be a rather good point for Mr. Bryan, and he might have stopped there; but not so, not so. Read what follows, and it will occur to the ordinary person that Mr. Bryan has simply wiped up the ground with the Senator from Texas:

"But that is not Senator Bailey's only failure to select wisely. In 1908 Senator Bailey urged the nomination of Mr. Bryan. He was elected a delegate to Denver on a platform declaring for Mr. Bryan and endorsing the Nebraska platform. It was suggested by Senator Bailey's enemies that his real object was to secure a personal vindication, but the Senator must, of course, insist that he acted in good faith. Is it not a little unkind for the Senator to favor a third nomination after a second defeat and then try to exclude Mr. Bryan from the party councils because of three defeats?"

"And after guessing so badly on Mr. Parker and Mr. Bryan would it not naturally be expected that Senator Bailey would 'modestly distrust his capacity to select a successful candidate'?"

Whether or not he used his support of Mr. Bryan to "secure a person vindication" or acted in such support "in good faith," is immaterial to the present consideration of an interesting subject; the only point we would make is that Mr. Bryan appears to have knocked Mr. Bailey over the ropes. Mr. Bailey will probably sympathize with the view that sometimes it is not really the best policy to be on the so-called "popular" side.

PARTY ORGANIZATION

(By HON. OSCAR W. UNDERWOOD.)

The tendencies of our times are toward individualism. Many of our leading newspapers and magazines condemn organization as an evil and menace to good government. I do not agree with them. A few great men in this world's history have blazed the way to high ideals by standing alone in advance of their times, but they have not been the leaders of men; they have not written on the statute books the principles they advocated; they have not built into stone and iron the industrial machinery that has made our Nation great and prosperous.

Our national growth has advanced step by step with some powerful organization behind it. This is true whether it be in the fields of religious, industrial or political development.

Party organization was a necessary evolution of a free government. No party could exist long if its sole purpose was to divide among the victors the spoils of office. Great principles have created great political parties; party organizations have not created great political parties; party organizations have not created the great principles of government. Individuals standing alone can not advise the principles they believe are the best for the government of our country. The need for a compact organization to maintain and advance the governmental principles that men believe in the enactment into law of the great principles of government, if it must be done through party organization and by party strength.

We decried the Republican rule in the last Congress, not because they were not organized and were only the minions of a one-man power.

We did not criticize them because they produced effective legislation, but because they used the power of the Speaker to thwart and destroy honest remedial legislation demanded by the people of the United States.

I am sure you will agree with me when I assert that the power of organization is capable of accomplishing more good than harm, that the progress of man toward higher ideals must come from organized effort, that individualism must mean disension, and will always be the way of accomplishment.

Therefore, we should march to the next political battlefield a united party.—National Monthly.

As William, bent over her fair face he whispered, "Darling, if I should ask you in French if I might kiss you, what would you answer?"

Doris, summoning her scanty knowledge of French, replied, "Billet doux!"

"I should think it would be a simple thing to induce a woman to get ready in time to attend an evening performance."

"What's your scheme?"

"Ask her to go to the matinee."

Magistrate—You say this man stole your coat? Do I understand that you prefer the charge against him?

Prosecutor—Well, no, your honor, I prefer the coat if it's all the same to you.

from the backs of the American people some of the unjust burdens of taxation placed there by decades of misrule under Republic administrations.

Those who would destroy our party organization and defeat the enactment into law of our party principles, decry our caucus as un-American, they do not tell you that it requires a two-thirds vote to make the action of a Democratic caucus of the House of Representatives binding as a party measure, that each individual member has the right to exempt himself from the caucus rule, if the proposed legislation is contrary to the dictates of his conscience, or not in keeping with his promises to his constituents. No organization could be more liberal, and yet no organization has been more thorough. You can count on the fingers of one hand the men who have broken from the Democratic party since the beginning of the present Congress.

And to those who decry our organization let them consider what we have accomplished for the American people.

We have reduced the cost of the clerical force in the House of Representatives over \$150,000 a year by abolishing useless offices.

We have passed a bill through the House in the interests of honest elections providing for the publicity of campaign contributions before the day of election.

We have given our sanction to an amendment to the Constitution of the United States to authorize the selection of Senators of the United States by a direct vote of the people.

We have passed the necessary resolutions to authorize the immediate admission into the Union of the territories of Arizona and New Mexico, keeping the pledges of the Constitution to hundreds of thousands of free people, that they should be admitted to all the rights and privileges of self-government guaranteed in the National Constitution.

We came to the rescue of the President of the United States, discredited by his own party, in his efforts to bring about freer trade relations with the Dominion of Canada. By our organization we have sent the Canadian pact to the Senate of the United States, where it will be passed before this session of Congress adjourns, carrying to the American people, a tax that in their surplus products, opening the way for better homes and greater educational facilities, by raising the embargo on lumber, wood pulp and paper.

We have sent to a Republican Senate a free list bill, removing the prohibitory duties on many of the necessities of life, giving to the people in need and in want, free bread and free meat, and free shoes, giving to the farming classes the tools of their husbandry, the covering for their crops, that they may produce the world's food and clothing at less cost for the benefit of all.

We have passed through the house with the loss of only one Democratic vote, a bill repealing the iniquitous schedule K of the Payne-Aldrich tariff act, that levied an average tax of ninety percent on all the woolen goods the American people buy, a tax that in some cases went as high as one hundred and fifty per cent on the cheaper blankets and cheaper clothing that the poor must buy, and substituting for this indefensible robbing, a revenue tariff on woolen goods that average forty-two and one-half per cent, and on blankets and the cheaper grades of flannels amounting to only twenty-five per cent of the import value of these goods.

We have passed through the house with the loss of only one Democratic vote, a bill repealing the iniquitous schedule K of the Payne-Aldrich tariff act, that levied an average tax of ninety percent on all the woolen goods the American people buy, a tax that in some cases went as high as one hundred and fifty per cent on the cheaper blankets and cheaper clothing that the poor must buy, and substituting for this indefensible robbing, a revenue tariff on woolen goods that average forty-two and one-half per cent, and on blankets and the cheaper grades of flannels amounting to only twenty-five per cent of the import value of these goods.

All this has been accomplished by the united action of the Democratic party, working through its party organization for the advancement of real Democratic principles. And yet there are those who prefer inaction and disorganization to the enactment into law of the great principles of government, if it must be done through party organization and by party strength.

The natural luminary, the philosopher says, shines by the gift of heaven, a flowing light-fountain of native original insight, of manhood and heroic nobleness, in whose radiance all souls feel that it is well with them. And yet divine relation, the philosopher continues, unites the great man with all other men.

Ah, yes, the light, that is the tie, the light small or great, but the blessed light. Luminous or "kindled lamps," but so long as it is the fire and flame. Even the feeblest can point the way. There are luminaries which glow from the hidden fire. It is a benediction to bask in the radiance. Some of these luminaries in the way of great minds have but little to say in set speech, but, ah, to be near, to catch the inspiration of a glowing silence, to know that there are depths to the intelligence, a gift, a talent, the burning genius, is in itself a warning, illuminating uplift. Thank heaven for its gift of great men, those who bless the world, who draw all unto them, whose light-fountains ever flowing casts a glory on all countenances. A great man, a truly great man, elevates all which comes within contact.

But it is not the lot of all to be celestial luminaries. Some are "kindled lamps" only. Some are the stately waxen candles and others the less refined and perhaps grimy and not so carefully tended. In some of the "kindled lamps" the oil is low in the vessel and there is doubt and dimness. Some candles are well-nigh burned out in the socket. Keep a glow in the heart.

Many a Suffering Woman

Drags herself painfully through her daily tasks, suffering from backache, headache, nervousness, loss of appetite and poor sleep, not knowing her ills are due to kidney and bladder troubles. Foley Kidney Pills give quick relief from pain and misery and a prompt return to health and strength. No woman who so suffers can afford to overlook Foley Kidney Pills. Howard Gardner.

I should think it would be a simple thing to induce a woman to get ready in time to attend an evening performance.

"What's your scheme?"

"Ask her to go to the matinee."

Magistrate—You say this man stole your coat? Do I understand that you prefer the charge against him?

Prosecutor—Well, no, your honor, I prefer the coat if it's all the same to you.

Todays paper is the plummet which every political pilot must use, who honestly

RINGS AND JEWELS

(By LURA STANLEY.)
Sufferers from rheumatism who believe they will be cured of their aches through wearing a certain kind of metal ring, would be surprised, perhaps, to hear that they are keeping alive an old superstition that owed its origin to one of the ceremonies performed on Good Friday.

The ceremony was called "the blessing of the cramp rings," and was carried out by the king himself, who went into his private chapel, accompanied only by his gold almoner, crawled on his knees to the crucifix, and there blessed a silver bowl full of gold and silver rings.

These rings were afterwards distributed to people who were afflicted with rheumatism and epilepsy.

The idea is supposed to have originated in a certain ring given by a pilgrim to Edward the Confessor, which was kept in Westminster Abbey and used as a cure for such ills.

Many curious old notions and stories concerning precious stones are told. It was once believed that all precious stones were purified by a bath in honey.

It is said that the agate quenches thirst, and if put into the mouth allays fever; amber is a cure for sore throats and glandular swellings; amethyst banishes the desire for drink; cat's eye is a charm against witchcraft; coral is a talisman against thunder and evil by flood and field; diamonds produce somnambulism and spiritual ecstasy; emeralds will promote friendship and constancy; garnets preserve health and joy; the enyx is apt to cause terror to the wearer, as well as ugly dreams; opals are fatal to love and bring discord to giver and receiver; sapphires impel the wearer to impart strength and to promote digestion.

We came to the rescue of the President of the United States, discredited by his own party, in his efforts to bring about freer trade relations with the Dominion of Canada. By our organization we have sent the Canadian pact to the Senate of the United States, where it will be passed before this session of Congress adjourns, carrying to the American people, a tax that in their surplus products, opening the way for better homes and greater educational facilities, by raising the embargo on lumber, wood pulp and paper.

We have given our sanction to an amendment to the Constitution of the United States to authorize the selection of Senators of the United States by a direct vote of the people.

We have passed the necessary resolutions to authorize the immediate admission into the Union of the territories of Arizona and New Mexico, keeping the pledges of the Constitution to hundreds of thousands of free people, that they should be admitted to all the rights and privileges of self-government guaranteed in the National Constitution.

Shopper's Guide

AND

Business Directory CLASSIFIED ALPHABETICALLY.

Automobiles and Accessories.

American Motor Co.

MOTOR CARS and SUPPLIES. :: :

Greensboro, N. C.
R. G. SLOAN, Gen. Manager.

Confectionery.

Palace of Sweets
Phone 375.

Cleaning and Pressing.

Greensboro Pressing Club

Phone No. 162. W. N. Hinton, Manager.

HOTEL CLEGG CLEANING ROOM

when you want your clothes cleaned and pressed.

WHITFIELD will give you a good job of work. It will pay you to call on him first.

Greensboro, N. C.

Furniture and Undertaking.

WILSON UNDERTAKING AND FURNITURE CO.

Funeral Directors and Embalmers. Household Furnishings, Stoves, Ranges and Furniture

600-604 South Elm Street.

Day Phone 488.

Night Phones 1408 and 1421.

Laundry.

Steam Laundry

We wash everything but the baby. Put your duds in our suds, the best combination in town.

DICK'S LAUNDRY

W. Market St.

Lawn Mowers.

Have your bicycle repaired by

OLD MAN WHITE

The original bicycle and lawn mower Expert.

London Letter of Telegram's SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT

(By PHILLIP EVERETT.)

London, Aug. 8.—While the majority of the English people have taken little or no part in the great constitutional fight which has been going on ever since the Lords threw out Lloyd George's budget two years ago, they do take an interest in foreign affairs and wherever you go now you find yourself in the midst of a political debate on the crisis Europe has just passed through unscathed.

Wonderful to say nearly everybody approves of the action of the government Unionists and Socialists alike agree that under the circumstances England had only one duty, that of maintaining the fullest and most loyal way the entente with France. Everybody seems to realize that in the face of the peril to the peace of the world caused by Germany's policy Russia, France and England must hold together. Therefore, there will be no war for Germany's allies will hesitate to go with her in an attack upon the triple entente and Germany will never do it alone.

The English press almost unanimously assert that, looking at the matter without bias, a France-African army is a grave military contingency which must engage the attention of German statesmen and strategists.

In the first place, the armies noire exist already. It only required to be developed and increased. The means for its mobilization and transport have only to be developed or created. The French armes noir d'Afrique is formed around its Old Guard, the formidable force of the Foreign Legion, whose ten thousand desperate veterans from one of the most efficient, as well as one of the most picturesque, soldatescas which ever plied the martial trade in ancient or modern time.

Over the whole of the enormous spaces of France's African empire the peace is kept or restored, the borders patrolled or extended, friendly clans encouraged and hostile sultans deposed or slain by companies and battalions of native troops of various creeds and races, all magnificently fighting material, and splendidly trained and handled by French officers.

In the French Parliament the necessity of developing the immense resources of French African fighting material has been openly advocated and accepted by

leaders of all parties.

"We can raise two hundred thousand, a million men," is the boast of sober administrators and dashing commanders who have led the Algerian Tirailleurs and the Toucouleur Rifles all over the Sahara.

There can be no doubt that the armie noire is already a formidable asset, and that the Berlin general staff is aware of its possibilities.

A body of the Senegal sharpshooters has been recently brought to assist in the campaign in Morocco; and the new troops have proved a valuable reinforcement. The non-Arab natives indeed recommend themselves to the French officers by less fanaticism and equal bravery. Some pagan races also are admirable soldiers, and possess the additional advantage in French eyes of being entirely proof against the influence of the zealous priests of Islam who never really accept any rules but that of Moslems.

The enormous Empire of France in Africa is now known to possess not only inexhaustible wealth of all kinds but also the materials of a great and formidable army of devoted followers of their French commanders. This is beyond doubt "a new situation;" and it would be trifling with the gravest facts if we were not to recognize that "something has happened" which German policy cannot be expected to ignore.

In domestic politics, the leaders of the conservative party have begun to realize that unless they succeed in winning a large number of seats in Scotland, the Unionists, the G. O. R. of Great Britain, will never be sufficiently strong in numbers to return to Westminster to real and lasting power.

The Unionist success in Scotland at the 1895 election was attained chiefly on the Home Rule issue; but that issue will not again bring such good results. The Unionist majority in Scotland in 1900 was the outcome of war fever—a cause which it is hoped will never again be operative. Thus, of the causes which contributed to the greatest success of the Unionist party in Scotland one must be ruled out as a negligible quantity, and the other regarded as a diminishing force.

Mr. Balfour, with whom I had a talk in the Constitutional Club the other day, gave me an idea of what the causes of Scotland's devotion or radicalism are. The first one, he said, is hereditary.

"A large number of Scottish Radicals," he continued, "are Radicals because their fathers and grandfathers were so and with their Radicalism it is difficult to deal.

It must be left to die out with the men who profess it and its future operation stopped by the education of the young and coming generations in the true principles and benefits of Unionism. "A second cause of Scotland's devotion to Radicalism," said Mr. Balfour, "arises from a peculiarity of a certain type of Scotch character. Most Scotsmen possess independence of mind and spirit, and many succeed in life's battle by the possession of these qualities. But in case of a great number whom, through ill-luck or lack of opportunity, have not been successful, the native independence becomes warped into a species of class suspicion and even hatred, and they take their political views from some source other than that of the better-off classes. This class hatred is often increased in intensity by the lack of unity and cooperation among the classes in parts of the countryside of Scotland, in the country, there is not the same life and take between the rich and the poor as therein in England. For this the rich, and particularly the landowners, are often to blame, as in many cases they are "absentees" except during the sporting seasons, and when present attend what is to most Scotsmen an alien church—namely, the Scottish Episcopal Church.

This class hatred is often increased in intensity by the lack of unity and cooperation among the classes in parts of the countryside of Scotland, in the country, there is not the same life and take between the rich and the poor as therein in England. For this the rich, and particularly the landowners, are often to blame, as in many cases they are "absentees" except during the sporting seasons, and when present attend what is to most Scotsmen an alien church—namely, the Scottish Episcopal Church.

In short," he concluded, "there is, on the whole, a lack of endeavor on the part of the better-off people in the country to win the local people to them and to show them the value of class unity and mutual respect and co-operation."

Find The Twice-
As-Good Worker
—And Your
Work Will
Be Twice as
Well Done!

That rare treasure, A COMPETENT WORKER, is not extinct, nor so scarce, but that some want advertising may secure him for you. And competent people have an almost invariable habit of finding new positions through want advertising, or through answering want ads.

Pictorial Phases of Reunion Of the Veterans of Bull Run



Photos copyright by American Press Association.

HERE were no fatalities in the "third battle of Bull Run" which took place on the fiftieth anniversary of the first great battle of the civil war. About 350 former Confederates and one-half that number of Union soldiers who took part in the first conflict were on the field again at the semi-centennial celebration. They hobbled around over the battlefield—few of them were under seventy and many were past eighty and quite feeble—and pointed out the spots where they advanced or retreated a half century before. At noon the men lined up, those who had once worn the gray on one side and those who had worn the blue on the other, and at a signal advanced until they could shake hands, while a moving picture machine recorded the sentimental scene for all time. President Taft attended the reunion and made a brief address in which he held out the hope that such progress had been made toward universal peace that the danger of great wars in the future is slight. One picture above shows a group of veterans pointing out an interesting spot on the battlefield, while the other shows Job Potter of Knoxville, Tenn., and Henry Bolton of Culpeper, Va., shaking hands at their first meeting since the battle of Bull Run, July 21, 1861.

FRANCE'S NARROW ESCAPE FROM WAR WITH GERMANY

(By GEORGE DUFRESNE)

Paris, Aug. 8.—The recent narrow escape from the war with Germany, which most Frenchmen openly admit would probably have resulted in another "debacle," has enormously strengthened the Bonapartist cause and has added to the followers of Prince Victor Napoleon hundreds of thousands of Frenchmen who care little for him personally, but who are convinced that if France is to maintain her place among the great nations of the world some way must be found of establishing a firmer government—a government which does not heel at the slightest breeze.

The prevailing feeling towards England here is one of gratitude, because the British government did not fail to show its faithfulness to the entente cordiale in a critical moment, but back of this gratitude is a feeling that Germany would have been taught a much needed lesson and have been forced to eat humble pie if England and France had sent a warship each to Agadir immediately after the arrival there of the French gunboat "Panther."

Had this been done Germany would never have dared propose that France, without any apparent reason but the monetary weakness of her government, should cede to Germany part of one of her most profitable colonies. To avoid a repetition of an incident of this kind a growing majority of the French people are sighing for the reappearance of a man with some of the characteristics of the great Napoleon to grasp the reins of government and save the country from the eternal changes which are sapping its vital strength, ruining the respect for the laws and degrading France in the eyes of the world.

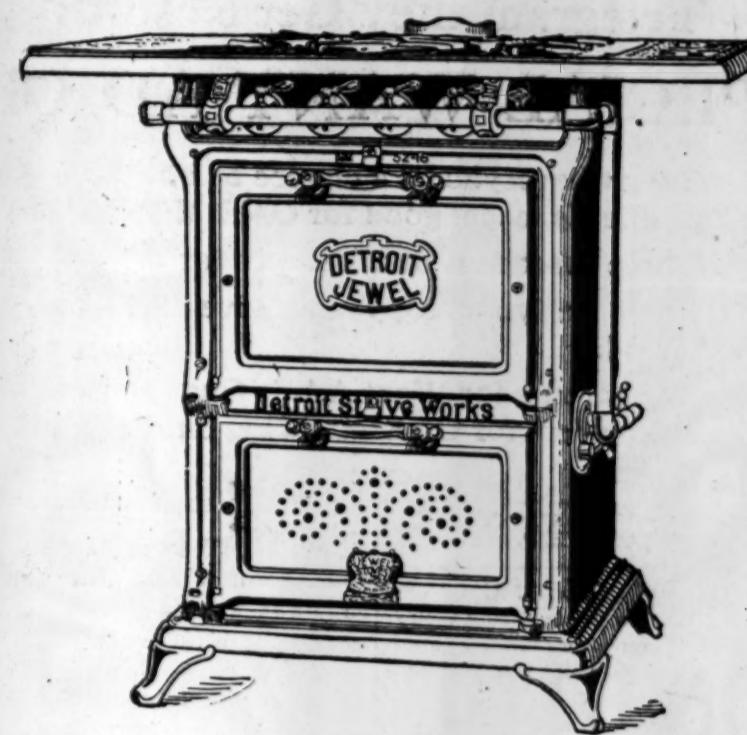
"La Bruyere said that no minister was so busy that he could not afford to lose two hours a day. The fact of the matter is that every minister wishes that he could find two hours in his day for quiet uninterrupted work. Unfortunately, the whole of our time is taken up with visits and we do not get two hours uninterrupted work in a month. As for Sundays, the ministers are the only citizens of the Republic whose Sundays are untouched by the law of weekly rest. We have to open public buildings, unveil statues, open expositions, and preside at ceremonies of every kind.

"There are fifty-two Sundays in the year," he continued. "There are twelve ministers, and four Under-Secretaries of State. So you can calculate for yourselves that a free Sunday is an unheard of thing while we are in office."

This frank confession was received with laughter, but it is more likely that M. Couyba did not intend it altogether as a joke.

It has already been decided that Queen Wilhelmina will return the visit of

This GAS RANGE For Small Kitchen Space



Some kitchens have not room for the ordinary cabinet Gas Range. So we have a Standard Double-oven Range only 36 inches wide. This Range has the same cooking space as the largest Cabinet Range.

We have Gas Ranges for every need, from \$15.50 up. We invite you to inspect them.

313—PHONES—331

North Carolina Public Service Co.

Office Open Evenings :: Office Open Evenings

The Greensboro Telegram

SHOWS RESULTS

To those who patronize its
ADVERTISING Columns.

There's a Reason.

The Greensboro Telegram

Reaches Daily

Most of the best people in
Greensboro and vicinity

More subscribers on the RURAL
ROUTES IN GUILFORD County
than all of its competitors combined.

President Fallières by coming to spend a few days in Paris next spring. The date is not yet fixed, but it will probably be in May, and this reminds one of a curious, but natural, incident having to do with the visits of heads of state, which is worth while recording.

M. Fallières has no great liking for journeys, and when some time ago his visit to Belgium was being arranged, it was understood that the President should

(Continued on Page Seven.)

Want Ad Department

Want Ads are the Connecting Link between Buyer and Seller, and When Printed in The Telegram they Get Results.

SPECIAL WANT AD OPPORTUNITY

To give everybody a chance to test the pulling power of Telegram Want Ads this offer is made, good for ONE MONTH, or until September 1st:

Three Insertions of Want Ads for the price of Two Insertions.

Bring on your copy and give Telegram Want Ads an opportunity to "make good."

Regular rate for Want Ads is One Cent per Word for Each Insertion. Everybody gets 'em for ONE MONTH on the basis of Three Insertions for the Price of Two.

MALE HELP.

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN THE Cotton business in our Sample rooms; two weeks to complete course; high salaried positions secured. Charlotte Cotton School, Charlotte, N. C.

5-18 Thurs-Sun-Tues-tf.

WANTED—POSITION AT ONCE AS clerk by steady young man; experienced grocery clerk. Phone 1652. 8-7-3*

WANTED—MEN TO TAKE A THIRTY days Practical course in our Machine Shop, learn the Automobile business and accept good positions. Charlotte Auto School, Charlotte, N. C.

5-18 Thurs-Sun-Tues-tf.

FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—LADY DESIRES POSITION in the city as stenographer. Experienced. References furnished. Address Steno, care Telegram. 8-8-2t

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—LAST SATURDAY, ONE BUNDLE containing a hat, pair suspenders, &c. Finder please return to Telegram office and get reward. 8-8-3t

BUSINESS NOTICES.

ANY OF YOUR PLANS DYING THAT ought to live? Does the seeming difficulty of "accomplishing things without money" scare some of your best ideas and plans to death? Well, a really feasible and logical new idea, plan or project may be financed—if you will have a little patience with your want advertising campaign, and really carry it out. tf

FOR RENT.

FRONT ROOM, FURNISHED OR UN-furnished, new house, close in. 225 Blandwood avenue. Aug. 5, 3t.

MISCELLANEOUS.

INVEST A LITTLE TIME IN WANT ad answering—and the "small change" necessary for traveling expenses in getting about the city. The investment may turn out to be the most profitable one of your life. tf

Greensboro Female College

Founded in 1888. Ideal home school for girls, with a distinctive Christian atmosphere. Limited number of students with small classes. Four years of collegiate work leading to A. B. degree. Beautiful location with unsurpassed health record. Students admitted on certificate from accredited High Schools. High standards and individual instruction.

For catalog, address —
**MRS. LUCY H. ROBERTSON, President
Greensboro, N. C.**

CHEAP FOR CASH!

5-room cottage, lot 70x120 feet, on North Green street.

3-room cottage, lot 200x200 feet, on Battle Ground road, in city.

BROWN Real Estate Comp'y.

109 E. Market St.

Suburban Residence With Acre Lot FOR SALE

Via Southern Railway and Pennsylvania Railroad.

Special train will leave Greensboro, N. C., at 10:25 p. m. Aug. 22 and arrive Atlantic City about noon Aug. 23. Train will consist of Pullman sleeping cars and day coaches. Those desiring Pullman accommodations can secure same by making reservation in advance. Tickets going are good only on Special train, and good returning on any regular train within the fifteen days which is final limit of tickets. Stopovers are permitted on return trip at Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington within the final limit.

Passengers from Branch line points can use regular trains into Greensboro connecting with special train from that point. Following round trip rates apply from stations named:

Greensboro, N. C. \$11.00

Kernersville, N. C. 12.00

Liberty, N. C. 11.50

Mt. Airy, N. C. 12.50

Madison, N. C. 12.00

North Wilkesboro, N. C. 13.00

Pilot Mountain, N. C. 12.50

Reidsville, N. C. 10.50

Sanford, N. C. 11.50

Siler City, N. C. 11.50

Walnut Cove, N. C. 12.00

Winston-Salem, N. C. 12.00

For Pullman reservations, rates from other points, apply to any Ticket Agent, Southern Railway, or write,

W. H. McGLOMERY,

Passenger and Ticket Agent,

Greensboro, N. C.

R. H. DEBUTTS,
Traveling Passenger Agt.
Charlotte, N. C.



For Sale

Stovewood, split or in blocks, delivered at \$1 per load. Order trial load and see how much good wood you get. Cord wood all kinds at \$3 per cord. W. F. Clarida, Phone 1404.

THERE'S Probably a Classified Ad in this Issue That's of Even More Importance to You Than to the Advertiser Himself!

Can't you conceive how this may be true?

Suppose it's an ad offering employment that would be both congenial and profitable to you—or an ad of a place to live where life would be twice as good and livable to you as where you are now "passing" it—or a real estate ad, affording an undeniable profit opportunity to an investor who has real estate "gumption"—or an ad through which that nearly-satisfactory servant is at last found! Would not ads of these sorts be of really greater importance to you than to the people who wrote them and paid for having them published in this paper?

DAILY MARKET REPORTS

GREENSBORO MARKETS

WEATHER FORECAST.

North Carolina—Generally fair, not much change in temperature.

South Carolina—Generally fair except probably showers on coast.

Louisiana, Arkansas, Oklahoma and East Texas—Fair.

West Texas—Fair, cooler in Pan Handle.

Georgia—Probably fair in north, local showers in south.

Florida—Local showers except fair in northwest.

Alabama and Mississippi—Generally fair.

GREENSBORO PRODUCE MARKET.

Wholesale prices paid to farmers. Corrected Daily by Proximity Mercantile Company.

All prices subject to fluctuations.

Fresh country butter, lb. 25

Fresh store butter, lb. 20

Fresh eggs, doz. 12½@15

Grown hens, each. 40@60

Fryers, each. 15@40

Irish potatoes, bu. \$1.00@125

Sweet potatoes, bu. 2.00

Cabbage, lb.02½

Snap beans, bu.50@75

Cucumbers, bu.50

Onions, bu.75

Salad, bu.30

Turnips, doz. bunches.40

Beets, bu.40

Apples, bu. 1.00

Musk melons, doz. 20@60

Watermelons, each.05@25

Peaches, bu. 2.00

Shelled butter beans, qt. 12½

Green peas, qt.08@16

Country cured hams, lb. 10

Country cured shoulders, lb. 13

Country cured sides, lb. 12

Beef wax, lb.26

Tallow, lb.05

Green beef hides, lb.05

Dry beef hides, lb. 12½

Green lamb hides, each. 20@30

Green sheep hides, each. 15@25

Dried cherries, lb.15

Dried apples, lb.06

Dried blackberries, lb.06

Green roasting ear corn, doz. 12½@15

GRAIN, HAY AND FEED.

Local Wholesale Prices, changed daily

Wheat, per bu.85@90

Corn, per bu.92½

Oats, per bu.58

Hay, No. 1, Timothy, per ton. \$30.00

Hay, No. 2, Timothy, per ton. 28.00

Bran, per ton. 30.00

Shipstuff, per ton. 34.00

Cotton Seed Meal, per ton. 31.00

LIVERPOOL CLOSE.

August. 6.46

Aug. Sept. 6.29

Sept. Oct. 6.07

Oct. Nov. 6.01

Nov. Dec. 5.97½

Dec. Jan. 5.97

Jan. Feb. 5.98

Feb. March. 6.00

March-April. 6.02½

April-May. 6.03½

May-June. 6.05

Tone easy.

CHICAGO CLOSE.

Sept. Dec. Jan. May

Wheat. 92½ 96% 102½

Corn. 64½ 62½ 64%

Oats. 41½ 44½ 46%

Pork. 17.92 16.60

Lard. 9.05 8.80 8.77

Ribs. 9.42 8.40 9.30

NEW YORK COTTON.

Open High Low Close

Aug. 12.38 12.38 12 12.25

Sept. 11.45 11.46 11.19 11.15

Oct. 11.39 11.39 11.07 11.09

Dec. 11.38 11.39 11.09 11.10

Jan. 11.33 11.35 11.04 11.04

March. 11.44 11.44 11.13 11.13

Easy. 11.49 11.49 11.20 11.20

Middling. 12.30

MOTHER OF GOV.

KITCHIN QUITE ILL

AT SCOTLAND NECK

Special to Telegram.

Raleigh, Aug. 8.—Gov. Kitchin was summoned today to Scotland Neck on account of the critical illness of his mother. This blocks the State Text Book adoption for the time as the State Commission will not vote on adoption in his absence. Some months ago Governor Kitchin was detained by his mother's bedside for two weeks, expecting every day to her last.

By order of the board.

JOHN S. MICHAUX.

GET BUSY! LOOK FOR THE HIDDEN CHECK!

Tomorrow's issue of The Telegram will carry the much talked of and long looked for "Hidden Check" page. This page is made up from the advertisements of about forty-five of the leading business houses and firms of the city. In each advertisement appearing on this page there will be inserted one or more extra letters. These letters when picked out and correctly arranged will form a sentence which will describe the hiding place or location of a check for \$50.00, which has been hidden by The Telegram.

Of course the first party who gets the extra letters picked out and arranged so as to spell out where this check is located will get the check and bring it to the office, have it endorsed and it will

then be honored at the bank for \$50.00. The first page as before stated will appear tomorrow.

His Trouble.
"Do you have any trouble with your automobile?"

"Yes, indeed, I'm constantly kept busy making peace with people who think I ought to take them riding."

Reasonable Supposition.
Big Mr. Little (truculently)—Yo', sah, am a liab, sah!
Little Mr. Biggs (diplomatically)—Ub—well, sah, considerin' yo' heft an' yo' broadness 'cross de equator, I dunno but what dar mought be a little suppin' to dat th'ry, sah!—Puck.

DIPLOMATIC APPOINTMENTS ANNOUNCED

Washington, Aug. 8.—President Taft announced today his long delayed diplomatic appointments. They are Ambassadors, J. G. A. Leishman, Germany; Thomas J. O'Brien, Italy; C. P. Ryan, Japan. Ministers, Larz Anderson, Belgium; J. M. Carter, Argentine; J. B. Jackson, Balkan States, Arthur M. Beaupre, Cuba; Lloyd Bryce, Netherlands. Minister Sherrill, the present minister to Argentine, has resigned.

The Outing begins this afternoon. Don't miss a day. Splendid road after you get out of the city. Free wagons, R. J. Holden's great piece of corn on the road worth a trip to see. Plenty of roasting ears and other country "eatables."

Aug. 8, 1911

Women and Society

For Miss Curtiss.

Mrs. J. H. Suttenwill will entertain this evening in honor of Miss Ellen Curtis of Greensboro, who is the guest of Miss Ethel Sharpe.—Winston Journal.

Philathetic Class Meeting.

The First Philathetic Class of the First Presbyterian church, which was to have met this afternoon, will meet instead on Friday evening at 8 o'clock.

Misses Tate to Entertain.

Misses Eunice and Ruth Tate will entertain a few of their friends this afternoon at their home on Humphrey avenue, complimentary to the house guests of Miss Anna Williams, Misses Josephine Gales, of New York, and Lucy Landis, of Oxford.

Hartsook-Elam.

Miss Hattie E. Elam, the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. H. J. Elam, and Lou Hartsook were united in wedlock last evening at 8:30 o'clock at the home of Rev. J. W. Long, who performed the ceremony. Only intimate friends and relatives of the young couple were present to witness the ceremony as they had intended to keep the matter secret. The couple left this morning for a bridal tour of ten days at Wrightsville Beach, after which they will reside in this city at 207 South Forbes street.

Miss Preyer Entertains.

Miss Helen Preyer entertained last evening complimentary to Miss Katie Lee McKenney, of Maxton, and Miss Ella Alderman, of Waxhaw, who are visiting Miss Bessie Alderman, on West Market street. The occasion was a bowling party at the Lindley Park alleys and the game was heartily enjoyed for several hours. Miss Preyer's guests were Misses Ella Alderman, Katie Lee McKenney, Bessie Alderman, Myrtle Preyer, Viola Kitzpatrick, of Knoxville, Tenn., who is visiting Mrs. J. F. Fornell; Will and Allan Preyer, Sidney Alderman, Frank Hanes, of Mocksville and Henry McKenney, of Maxton.

Miss Douglas Entertains.

Mrs. Robert D. Douglas entertained at her home on Price street yesterday afternoon at a delightful bridge party, given in honor of Misses Caroline Boykin and Kathleen Klutz, the house guests of Misses Mary Drex and Bettie Aiken Land. Three tables were laid, and after the game the prize, a handsome brass fern dish, was awarded to Miss Bettie Aiken Land for the highest score. Pretty bouquets of sweet peas were presented by the hostess to the attractive young honorees. Delightful refreshments were served. The guests present for the pleasing function were Misses Annie Land, Annie McIver, Margaret Forbes, Marie Reynolds, Eloise Dick, Mary Callum, Annie Reid, Gertrude Frazier, Bettie Aiken Land and Mrs. S. Glenn Brown.

Venable-Davis.

Miss Edna E. Davis and W. H. Venable plighted their troth this morning at a quiet marriage which was performed at 7:45 o'clock. On account of parental objection on both sides the couple kept their purpose secret and the nuptial knot was tied in the presence of only a few friends. Rev. W. R. Cox officiated at the ceremony, which was held at his home on Silver Run avenue. Immediately after the marriage the couple departed for a bridal trip of two weeks to the home of Mr. Venable's parents, near Mt. Airy. They will make their home in the future, after returning from the visit, at 352 West Lee street.

Miss Davis is the popular and attractive daughter of Mr. and Mrs. S. L. Davis and has a host of friends in the city who wish for her the greatest happiness in her married life. Mr. Venable is a valuable employee of the North Carolina Public Service Company, having served for several months as conductor of car No. 61. He is well-liked by the large number of friends he has made in the city.

Miss Willie Klutz, of Durham, is visiting Miss Fannie Stone on Church street.

Miss Lucile Devlin left yesterday for Gastonia where she will visit relatives for several days.

Mrs. R. T. Travis, of Winston, accompanied by her little daughter, is visiting her parents, Dr. and Mrs. J. W. Griffith.

Miss Cora Pannill spent yesterday in Winston-Salem.

Mrs. Thomas Patterson, of Winston-Salem, who has been visiting relatives here, has returned home.

Miss Hettie McLean, of North Wilkesboro, has accepted a position in this city.

Miss Mildred Mitchell, of Charlotte, is visiting in the city.

Miss Frances, and Elizabeth Harry are visiting Mrs. Ida Bailey, at Woodleaf, near Salisbury.

Ladies, Don't Wait if You Want a Pair Of These:

Small Children's Tennis Oxfords
size 8 1-2, 9 and 10, 25 cents. Infants' barefoot sandals, sizes 1 to 5, 50 cents. All our barefoot sandals and children's summer footwear reduced prices.

Light Kid Boudoir Slippers, black and red, \$1.25. Suede Boudoir Slippers, very fine, black and red, \$2.00.

Fifty pairs La France and Sherwood Ties, Pumps and Oxfords to be sold at a big reduction.

Thackery & Brockmann,

COUPON

DINNER SET

No. 16

CUT THIS OUT

30 of these Coupons numbered consecutively (start at any number) with \$3.75 (drayage and express extra if delivered) will be good for one set of OLD FLOE BLUE DINER ware—45 pieces.

The Greensboro Telegram

208 South Davie Street,
GREENSBORO, N. C.

One Of Today's
Want Ad Answerers Will
Find a New Interest In Life!

One of them will be jolted out of a "business rut" by finding and grasping a new business opportunity—one will buy some real estate which will influence his life intimately from now on—one will find the employment which offers right rewards for real efficiency!

HOW ONE WOMAN WON

Her Health and Strength Back Again by The Use of Cardui.

Tampa, Fla.—In a letter from this city, Mrs. E. C. Corum writes: "I was all weakened and worn out with womanly trouble. My husband brought me some Cardui, the tonic, and, from the first day, it seemed to help. I had almost lost my reason, but, thanks to Cardui, I did not. Soon, I felt and looked like a new woman. I recommend it to my friends, for I have received great benefit from it."

Cardui acts specifically on the weakened womanly organs, strengthening the muscles and nerves, and building them up to health.

It helps to refresh the worn-out nervous system and relieves the effects of overwork, both mental and physical.

Fifty years' successful use fully proves the merit of this purely vegetable, tonic remedy for women.

In every community, there live some who have been benefited by Cardui. The beneficial effects of this time tested woman's remedy, soon show themselves in many different ways.

Try it.

N. B.—Write for Ladies' Advisory Dept., Chattanooga, Tenn., for Special Instructions, and 64-page book, "Home Treatment for Women," sent in plain wrapper on request.



Special Sale!

The week of August 21st we are going to sell a CAR LOAD of

Hoosier Kitchen Cabinets

at reduced prices. Every lady in Greensboro should attend this sale.

Huntley-Stockton-Hill Company

YELLOW TRADING STAMPS GIVEN

You can buy Wanted Merchandise in the Basement THIS WEEK much less than the regular price. We are going to turn it over to the contractors and we must make room for them

White Wash Skirts 33c.

1000 yds. Em. and Inst., also big lot lace 4c. yard.

Odd lot Val Laces 1c. yard.

Dressmakers Bust Forms in sizes 32 and 34 for 39c.

Barefoot Sandals, choice of the lot 25c.

Bordered Curtain Scrim 11c.

36 in. Unbleaching 4 1-2c.

Bleached Outing Flannel, 8c.

36 in. White Lawn and Fine Sea Is-

land 7 1-2c.

Ladies' Knee Length Pants 19c.

32 in. Mercerized Madras 10 1-2c. yd.

Misses' Skirts 33c.

36 in. Unbleaching 4 1-2c.

Bleached Outing Flannel, 8c.

36 in. White Lawn and Fine Sea Is-

land 7 1-2c.

Ladies' Knee Length Pants 19c.

32 in. Mercerized Madras 10 1-2c. yd.

Misses' Skirts 33c.

36 in. Unbleaching 4 1-2c.

Bleached Outing Flannel, 8c.

36 in. White Lawn and Fine Sea Is-

land 7 1-2c.

Ladies' Knee Length Pants 19c.

32 in. Mercerized Madras 10 1-2c. yd.

Misses' Skirts 33c.

36 in. Unbleaching 4 1-2c.

Bleached Outing Flannel, 8c.

36 in. White Lawn and Fine Sea Is-

land 7 1-2c.

Ladies' Knee Length Pants 19c.

32 in. Mercerized Madras 10 1-2c. yd.

Misses' Skirts 33c.

36 in. Unbleaching 4 1-2c.

Bleached Outing Flannel, 8c.

36 in. White Lawn and Fine Sea Is-

land 7 1-2c.

Ladies' Knee Length Pants 19c.

32 in. Mercerized Madras 10 1-2c. yd.

Misses' Skirts 33c.

36 in. Unbleaching 4 1-2c.

Bleached Outing Flannel, 8c.

36 in. White Lawn and Fine Sea Is-

land 7 1-2c.

Ladies' Knee Length Pants 19c.

32 in. Mercerized Madras 10 1-2c. yd.

Misses' Skirts 33c.

36 in. Unbleaching 4 1-2c.

Bleached Outing Flannel, 8c.

36 in. White Lawn and Fine Sea Is-

land 7 1-2c.

Ladies' Knee Length Pants 19c.

32 in. Mercerized Madras 10 1-2c. yd.

Misses' Skirts 33c.

36 in. Unbleaching 4 1-2c.

Bleached Outing Flannel, 8c.

36 in. White Lawn and Fine Sea Is-

land 7 1-2c.

Ladies' Knee Length Pants 19c.

32 in. Mercerized Madras 10 1-2c. yd.

Misses' Skirts 33c.

36 in. Unbleaching 4 1-2c.

Bleached Outing Flannel, 8c.

36 in. White Lawn and Fine Sea Is-

land 7 1-2c.

Ladies' Knee Length Pants 19c.

32 in. Mercerized Madras 10 1-2c. yd.

Misses' Skirts 33c.

36 in. Unbleaching 4 1-2c.

LETTER FROM BERLIN BY TELEGRAM'S CORRESPONDENT

(By FREDERICK WERNER.)

Berlin, Aug. 8.—The summer, which a month ago looked as if it were going to be particularly hot for the statesmen of Europe, has fortunately proved itself quite harmless. The war clouds which seemed to gather everywhere in the Balkans, in Morocco and along the Pyrenees have again disappeared after a display of brilliant but harmless lightning.

When the Kaiser left on his usual Norwegian summer cruise everyone immediately realized that no crisis was expected and that the Morocco question was to be settled without the roar of cannons. France was to be scared a little, partly because the German government, in view of an approaching election, wished to impress upon the minds of her voters the inadvisability of being too harsh with a set of statesmen, who if not popular at home, at least had succeeded in making Germany respected and feared abroad, and partly because the German government considered the moment opportune for adding to German possessions in Africa.

In reality international peace was not in danger for a single moment. Germany was perfectly sure of what would happen. She knew that England would back up France, and this was why no German troops were landed at Agadir, which might have embarrassed a German diplomatic retreat, should it become necessary.

The stratagem was a success. The

German voters were treated to the sight of France in a state of terror and confusion because the German eagle flapped its wings, and, this done, the good effect was driven home with a faint clanking of swords and a beating of military drums in the press.

The final and most conclusive proof that the whole affair was arranged for dramatic effect was given when Russia, in the very midst of the "crisis," and before anybody knew officially the result of the "conversations," contracted to issue a one hundred million mark loan in Germany. By opening negotiations for this loan, the Czar's government plainly showed that in St. Petersburg at least, nobody considered the Agadir incident as anything but a piece of international bluff. A country that is thinking of going to war is not the place to place uninvested cash.

In England, where brains always seem to work slower than anywhere else in Europe, it was much later realized that German action was not meant to be an insidious attack upon the Franco-British entente, and the much discussed speech of Lloyd George, in which he issued a veiled warning to Germany, shows that even this clever statesman had been taken in. It will, therefore, probably be some time before England realizes that the entente is considered favorable to Germany because it is anticipated that thereby Germany will be able to obtain British acquiescence in any agreement arrived at with France.

In Spain the mistake was made, during the earlier stages of the Morocco embroilment, of considering it in too serious a light and the government tried the rather risky experiment of playing to the gallery by a series of more or less deliberate insults to France, which came dangerously near provoking a war. Evidently the Spanish government thought to please Germany and many were those who saw in Spain nothing but a German agent provocateur. Germany, however, lost no time in warning Madrid and as soon as it was realized that Spain would have to fight her own battles Spanish statesmen tumbled all over each other in their eagerness to apologize to France.

In France a war with Spain would have been popular because many French patriots believe that a victorious war is just what their country needs to arouse it from its present unsettled state. The

French people as a whole do not consider it the finest and strongest in the world. They hesitate to measure its strength against Germany for the memories of 1870 are still too vivid, but with Spain it would be another matter, and Canalejas did well when he stopped irritating the Gallic fighting cock.

Portugal is heroically trying to make the world believe that the republic is now firmly established and that a return of the dynasty Braganza is altogether impossible; but somehow European diplomats hesitate to believe that the Portuguese people are happy and satisfied with the new form of government. The fact that there was a referendum to settle the matter it would undoubtedly be seen by the Portuguese vote that the country was in favor of the re-establishing of the monarchy, not because it has any particular love for its profligate young king, but because the people are devout Catholics and the priests are preaching day and night that the present republican government is in league with the evil one and must not be supported by any true Christian.

To offset the exhortations of the clergy the government is trying to prove that Manuel and his whole family are traitors to Portugal. But, somehow stories like the one recently circulated—that a trunk had been found in the royal palace containing papers in which the king promised Germany and England all the Portuguese colonies if they would crush the revolution—do not find credence in Portugal.

The republican form of government is far from being firmly established; it is amply proved by the reluctance of England and Spain to recognize the Portuguese republic.

The old story, Russian local famines, with their strange, almost incredible, concomitants amongst the still benighted peasantry, is being reported again this summer. From the interior come reports of attempts to drown old women accused of causing the drought by dispersing the rain-clouds, of watering praves where village drunkards have been buried, and similar mediaeval follies.

At the meeting, ten days ago, of the exchange committee of the town of Tomsk, where the first Siberian Exhibition was held, it was confirmed that almost a complete famine is expected in western Siberia, the great granary of Siberia in general. This year's harvest is estimated at 80 percent below that of last year. In many districts there will be not seed for sowing.

The ministry of the interior has ob-

GOVERNMENT TO HAVE AVIATION SCHOOL AT COLLEGE PARK, MD.

(By VICTOR ELLIOTT.)

Washington, Aug. 8.—One of the greatest aviation schools in the world is to be established within eight miles of this city, at College Park, Maryland, to be maintained by the United States Government.

When the history of aviation is written and a special chapter devoted to American aviators, as it must be, for in this country the new received its first start, College Park and the men who will make it famous will be given a prominent place.

The first government aeronautical demonstration took place at Fort Meyer, Va., but later, when the official skeptics had been shown just what could be accomplished by the heavier-than-air machine, a more suitable ground for flying purposes had to be selected. It was then that College Park was selected as the aviation school of the government.

The Wright brothers were contracted for by the government to teach the officers of the Signal Corps the art of flying, and a machine was bought for the purpose. Two officers became proficient in the science, and then the school was abandoned.

After two years of idleness on the part of the government an appropriation was made by Congress for the furtherance of the study among army and navy men. Two young officers were dispatched to Dayton, Ohio, and placed under the direction of Orville and Wilbur Wright, while a third was sent to the Curtiss school of instruction at Hammondsport, New York. They became proficient in the art of handling aircraft, and when the government's aviation school was again started, it was not forced to look for outside help, but called upon its own men.

Notwithstanding the element of danger that presents itself in conquering air currents, hundreds of young men in the army are clamoring for a chance to take up aeroplane, realizing that the important battles of the future, may be won or lost by air craft. Consequently, at the new government school of aviation the instructors have got right down to business in instructing their fellow officers in the art of managing an airplane.

The visitor to College Park will be thrilled by the wonderful performances of the aviators, but at the same time he will know that he is looking at the "safe and sane" method of navigating the air, and not the reckless, dare-devil performance of civilian aeroplaniasts.

Three new aeroplanes have been ordered to College Park, and all experienced aviators in the ranks of the army will be encouraged to go there. Young officers will be instructed by the older and more experienced men and in a very short time College Park will be looked upon practically as an annex to West Point.

Up to the present time all the work

has been done in the machine that has become popular in this country, the biplane. Across the ocean, however, the German and French are doing wonderful work with the simpler form of air craft, the monoplane. There have been many requests to the government to try out one of these models, but so far the requests have not been heeded.

So far the school is not teaching the value of the aeroplane as a destructive agent, but rather as an agent for reconnaissance, as it seems to be the general opinion among army officials that the destructive purposes of the airship are limited.

In speaking of the work at the school, Col. George P. Scriven, who in the absence of General Allen, is chief signal officer, said:

"The work of the officers at the aviation school is excellent, and Captain Forrest Chandler deserves special commendation and praise for the admirable way he is conducting it. I was more than pleased with the way the work is being done. Captain Beck, and Lieutenants Arnold, Mjiling and Kirtland are aviators who have control of their machine at all times. It will take a war to determine the merits of the aeroplane."

On the other hand, the harvester in the central and western provinces promise to be very satisfactory.

Patriotism

The stomach is a larger factor in "life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness" than most people are aware. Patriotism can withstand hunger but not dyspepsia. The confirmed dyspeptic "is fit for treason, stratagems and spoils." The man who goes to the front for his country with a weak stomach will be a weak soldier and a fault finder.

A sound stomach makes for good citizenship as well as for health and happiness.

Diseases of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition are promptly and permanently cured by the use of

Dr. PIERCE'S GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY.
It builds up the body with sound flesh and solid muscle.

The dealer who offers a substitute for the "Discovery" is only seeking to make the little more profit realized on the sale of less meritorious preparations.

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser is sent free on receipt of stamps to pay expense of mailing only. Send 21 one-cent stamps for the paper covered book, or 31 stamps for the cloth bound. Address World's Dispensary Medical Association, R. V. Pierce, M. D., President, Buffalo, N. Y.



no end to its possibilities as a machine for war purposes. Now it is an unknown quantity, but this government cannot afford to be ignorant of the use of the aeroplane for war purposes.

This school will be enlarged from time to time until it is a part of the war establishment of the country, and provided for by Congress just as other branches of the war department are provided for."

At the Breakfast Table

(By JOHN WATSON WHYTE.)

Married couples are apt to forget that sometimes the peace and joy of a whole day are made or marred by their behavior and personal appearance at the breakfast table. Now, breakfast can be made a charming and delightful meal if husband and wife determine to be bright smiling and cheerful. Let there be no "getting out of the wrong side of the bed," or that will spoil what it is the object to achieve.

Husbands might bear in mind that, although the morning paper may be very attractive, the wife will think it far from being so if her partner reads it up, hides behind it and buries himself under a mountain of news. The daily paper should be reserved for a more suitable occasion.

If a man hides behind his paper he need not be surprised if his wife bends down and uses the interesting book she is reading as a shield for her pretty head.

No; let there be a happy, bright face at each end of the table in full view of each other.

Then the table itself. Without being in the least extravagant, this can appear

dainty and attractive looking. A few flowers from the garden cost nothing, but give an air of freshness and daintiness which nothing else can equal. No matter if the cloth is not the finest damask, it can be clean. Food need not be that which costs a lot, for an honest, manly man is not too great a worshiper of "Little Mary," providing he has enough good, wholesome fare. If there is nothing but bread, porridge and coffee, it would suffice, providing that a spirit of contentment and happiness made up for lack of more expensive dishes.

There is nothing that tries a man so much as to have to start the day with a struggle, and if he loses patience at a late breakfast he is certainly to be excused. Directly he has gone, the housewife can clear away and begin to think of other household duties. These she will face with a light heart and contented mind if the first meal of the day has not been marred by any accident or complaint.

More people, men and women, are suffering from kidney and bladder trouble than ever before, and each year more of them turn for quick relief and permanent benefit to Foley's Kidney Remedy, which has proven itself to be one of the most effective remedies for kidney and bladder ailments that medical science has devised. Howard Gardner.

Mother—Oh, Bobby, you naughty boy, you've been smoking! (Pause). Poor darling, do you feel very bad?

Bobby (who has been well brought up) —Than you. I'm only dying.

Brain food is something a man takes to feed his vanity.

Hay's Hair Health

Restores color to Gray or Faded hair—Removes Dandruff and invigorates the Scalp—Promotes a luxuriant, healthy hair growth—Stops its falling out. Is not a dye.

\$1.00 and 50¢ at Drug Stores or direct upon receipt of price and dealer's name. Send 10c for sample bottle.—Philo Hay Specialties Co., Newark, N. J., U. S. A.

Hay's Hair Soap is unsual for cleaning the hair and keeping the scalp clean and healthy also for red, rough chapped hands and face. 25¢ at Drugists.

REFUSE ALL SUBSTITUTES

FARISS-KLUTZ DRUG CO.

GREENSBORO DRUG CO.

75 PER CENT. OF THE BIG ADVERTISERS OF AMERICA PREFER EVENING NEWSPAPERS

Out of 400 Large Department Stores 302 say they Prefer Evening Papers and Give Reasons Why

(FROM THE LOS ANGELES RECORD)

OUT of 400 letters sent to the large Department Stores of America asking which they considered a better medium for advertising, a morning or an evening daily newspaper, 392 replied. Of these replies 302 stated they preferred the evening newspaper for advertising; 26 stated they gave the evening paper first copy when they used an evening and a morning paper. As the Department Stores are always the largest advertisers in their respective cities and are in a position to see where the results come from, their opinions, formed from experience, are most valuable. They all speak most emphatically of the advantages of the evening paper over the morning paper for advertising. Of these 302 advertisers who prefer the evening paper a large number of them use the evening paper exclusively and find the returns most profitable.

THE following statements made by the different large firms of America show why they prefer the evening paper over the morning paper:

ST. LOUIS, MO.—The evening paper is best, as it is the one that gets into the homes and stays there. Men carry the morning paper downtown on their way to work in most cases.—Wm. Barr Dry Goods Co.

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.—The evening paper undoubtedly is the best advertising medium, because it most surely gets into the very hands toward which all department store advertising is intended—the women of the house—and because there is plenty of time to read, plan and digest.—Loveman, Joseph & Loeb.

CHICAGO, ILL.—We spend \$325,000 a year and 75 per cent of it is in the evening papers and 25 per cent in Sunday papers. Even with our great morning papers we cannot make them pay, though the experimenting has cost us \$100,000.—Siegel, Cooper & Co.

EVANSTVILLE, IND.—We prefer the evening paper for advertising because the housekeeper, business man and working man have more time to go through the paper in detail after the day's work is over and have time to plan their next day's shopping. Our experience is that we get quicker and more direct results from the evening paper.—Fowler, Dick & Walker.

BOSTON, MASS.—We consider the evening paper the best medium, because it is taken home and the women get to see it.—Henry Siegel Company.

BRIDGEPORT, CONN.—We consider the evening newspaper better, because we cater to the working people, and they are employed from 7 a. m. to 6 p. m. and their only leisure time is in the evening, and they invariably take only evening papers, and have more time to read advertisements.—Cline Bros.

ALBANY, N. Y.—We consider the evening newspaper a better medium for advertising, because women have more time and better opportunity to read the evening papers.—Waldman Bros.

AKRON, OHIO—We consider an evening paper a superior medium. The evening paper goes direct to the homes and is more thoroughly read. It is read by men after business duties are through for the day and they are more liable to remember the advertising. The morning paper is used by office men.—C. H. Leager & Co.

MILWAUKEE, WIS.—We consider the evening paper the best advertising medium, as the average woman does not take time to read a paper until her work is done.—Ed Schuster & Co.

DETROIT, MICH.—We prefer the evening paper.—Partridge & Blackwell.

CINCINNATI, OHIO.—Best results from evening newspapers. The only time I use a morning paper is Sunday for Monday's business. Balance of the week the evening papers do the work to my entire satisfaction.—The Fair.

LOUISVILLE, KY.—We use afternoon papers exclusively during the week. Morning papers on Sunday only.—John C. Lewis Company.

ST. LOUIS, MO.—For advertisements containing items of special prominence likely to produce a rush, the evening newspaper serves as a better advertising medium, first, because people as a rule, have more time to read an evening paper thoroughly and note the contents thereof; second, it gives an opportunity to shoppers to select what items they contemplate purchasing and allows them time to prepare a program for the next day's shopping.—Burgen Dry Goods Company.

BROOKLYN, N. Y.—We prefer the evening paper week days and the morning paper Sundays only, because the evening paper is brought to the home by the member of the family who goes to business and buys and reads the paper on his way home. The Sunday paper is delivered at the home and read in the home.—Price & Rosenbaum.

BROOKLYN, N. Y.—We consider the evening paper the better medium for advertising, mainly because the evening paper goes into the home and stays there when there is time for the whole family to read and consider.—Frederick Losser & Co.

ST. PAUL, MINN.—We have always given the evening paper the preference. We spend \$40,000 a year for advertising and this all goes into newspapers. We use no other medium of any kind, as we consider ANYTHING OUTSIDE OF THE NEWSPAPER as money wasted.—W. H. Elsinger & Co.

PROVIDENCE, R. I.—We consider the evening paper better as a general thing, for it is usually the home paper.—Calendar, McAuslin — Troup Co.

INDIANAPOLIS, IND.—The evening paper is, in our opinion, most profitable for advertising.—The Wm. H. Block Company.

BUFFALO, N. Y.—We do most of our advertising in the evening paper.—Wm. H. Henner Co.

BOSTON, MASS.—We prefer the evening paper by all means, because it goes into the homes directly, while the morning paper has a tendency to work back into the business section and does not reach the homes in such relative number as the evening paper.—Houghton & Dutton.

ST. PAUL, MINN.—Where I've been, almost without exception, the evening paper is the best medium.—W. H. Milligan, Advertising Manager Field, Schlick & Co.

CLEVELAND, OHIO.—The evening paper by all means.—The Bailey Company.

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.—It is our opinion that the evening paper is better, as the shopper is prepared to sally forth the next morning.—Penny & Gentles.

August 7 to 10, Mr. Lewis H. Wise
Landscape Designer
will be with us, and if you contemplate any improvements to your lawn we advise you to take the matter up with him while here. Phone us early in the week before he goes home.

J. Van Lindley
Nursery Company
POMONA, N. C.
Phone 298-1.

We are prepared to do any kind of Hauling—Freight, Household Goods, Office Furniture, Safes, Pianos, Wood Stone, Lumber, Brick—anything.

Phone No. 8

When you want anything moved.

Cunningham Bros.
Coal---Wood

There is
BEAUTY, DURABILITY and SATISFACTION
in every monument made by
Englehart Granite and Marble Works
Our specialty
WINNSBORO BLUE GRANITE.
Phone 281.

VERY LOW RATES VIA SOUTHERN RAILWAY.
\$15.95—Greensboro to Monteagle and Sewanee, Tenn., and return account Monteagle Sunday School Institute Dates of sale June 30, July 1, 8, 15, 22, 29, August 11, 12 and 18, 1911 Final limit September 5, 1911.

Electric Bitters

Made A New Man Of Him.
"I was suffering from pain in my stomach, head and back," writes H. T. Alston, Raleigh, N. C., "and my liver and kidneys did not work right, but four bottles of Electric Bitters made me feel like a new man." PRICE 50 CTS. AT ALL DRUG STORES.

HOW TO CURE ECZEMA.

ITCH AND ALL SKIN DISEASES

Don't suffer a moment longer with Eczema, or any form of skin or blood trouble. Don't scratch or rub the skin. Just apply Hancock Sulphur Compound to the affected spots and it will stop the itching at once, and cure the trouble permanently. One 50c bottle will cure that prevalent trouble, Common Itch. Nothing cures skin trouble so quickly as Hancock Sulphur Compound. To beautify the complexion and remove black heads and pimples, use Hancock Sulphur Ointment, 25c. Mrs. Evelyn Barst, of Salem, Va., writes: "Three years ago I had a rough place on my cheek, it would burn and itch. I was fearful it might be of a cancerous nature. I used different preparations, but nothing ever helped it. One bottle of Sulphur Compound cured me completely. I recommend it to any one having any skin disease." For sale by Howard Gardner, Greensboro, N. C.



Davis White Sulphur Springs

The ideal Health, Rest and Pleasure Resort. Crowded each season. Not too high (1100 ft.), pleasant days and nights. No mosquitoes. Unsurpassed mineral water. Resident physician. Room for 200 guests. Sewerage, baths, electric lights. Splendid fare and service. High-class Orchestra of four. Bowling, skating, tennis, boating, bathing, etc.

Telegraph connection at Statesville. Bell phone. Two through trains from Charlotte.

Special low rates for June and September, \$6 to \$8 per week; July and August, \$8 to \$10 per week. Special rates for families and ministers. Open June 1st to October 1st, 1911. Write for booklet to

DAVIS BROS.
Owners and Proprietors. Hiddenite, N. C.

PATRIOTS ALLOW SPINNERS TO GOBBLE UP FIRST GAME.
Greenville, Aug. 8.—Watson held the Patriots to three scattered bingles yesterday afternoon and Walters was hampered out of ten safeties, two being for extra bases, six of the hits coming in succession in the eighth.

Score: R. H. E. Greenville 100 000 05x—6 10 0 Greensboro 000 010 000—1 3 2 Batteries—Watson and Kite, Walters and Ware.

ANDERSON GIVES FIRST OF SERIES TO WINSTON.

Winston, Aug. 8.—Poor base-running and Dailey's pegging were factors which gave to the Twins the victory over Anderson yesterday. Wolfe held the Twins to three scattered hits, while Swindell was kept in but one round. Stewart replaced him and pitched fine ball.

Score: R. H. E. Winston 001 100 00x—2 3 2 Anderson 100 000 000—1 4 1 Batteries—Swindell, Stewart and Dailey, Wolfe and Brannon.

HORNETS FALL BEFORE

CHARLOTTE, Aug. 8.—The Musicians won over the Hornets yesterday three to one. The game was a sorry exhibition, the Hornets making nearly as many errors as they did hits. Spartanburg's hits were costly to Bauswine, who during the fray fanned a dozen Spartans.

Score: R. H. E. Spartanburg 101 000 010—3 5 2 Charlotte 000 000 001—1 7 5 Batteries—Laval and Westlake, Bauswine and Ryan.

LAVAL'S MUSICIANS.

Charlotte, Aug. 8.—The Musicians won over the Hornets yesterday three to one. The game was a sorry exhibition, the Hornets making nearly as many errors as they did hits. Spartanburg's hits were costly to Bauswine, who during the fray fanned a dozen Spartans.

Score: R. H. E. Spartanburg 101 000 010—3 5 2 Charlotte 000 000 001—1 7 5 Batteries—Laval and Westlake, Bauswine and Ryan.

Phone No. 8

When you want anything moved.

Cunningham Bros.
Coal---Wood

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS IN THE BIG LEAGUES

National
National

At Pittsburgh—

Pittsburgh, 2; Philadelphia, 1.

—

At Cincinnati—

Cincinnati, 8; Boston, 2.

—

At Chicago—

Chicago, 8; New York, 6.

—

At St. Louis—

St. Louis, 4; Brooklyn, 3.

—

At Washington—

First game—St. Louis, 0; Washington, 1; second game—St. Louis, 13; Washington, 6.

—

At Philadelphia—

First game: Chicago, 1; Philadelphia, 2; second game: Chicago, 2; Philadelphia, 3.

—

At New York—

New York, 6; Detroit, 7.

—

At Boston—

Boston, 3; Cleveland, 8.

—

At Nashville—

Nashville—Mobile—wet grounds.

—

At Chattanooga—

Chattanooga and Montgomery—not scheduled.

—

At Birmingham—

First game: Birmingham, 3; Atlanta, 1.

—

At New Orleans—

New Orleans, 5; Memphis, 2.

—

South Atlantic.

—

At Savannah—

Savannah, 2; Columbus, 3.

—

At Columbia—

Columbia, 5; Jacksonville, 4.

—

At Charleston—

Charleston, 1; Albany, 2.

—

At Macon—

Macon, 5; S. A. L. Club, 3.

—

A King Who Left Home.

set the world to talking, but Paul Matulka, of Buffalo, N. Y., says he always

KEEPS AT HOME the King of all Luxuries—Dr. King's New Life Pills—and that they're a blessing to his family.

Cure constipation, headache, indigestion, dyspepsia. Only 25c at Fariss Klutz Drug Co.

—

It will be just like both Greensboro and Anderson to come back strong today. "Deacon" Morrissey will probably pitch tomorrow.

—

The Journal is still trying to figure out how it came that the Twins didn't get both.

—

"The town that supports the league" is having the worst time ever with its team.

—

It would be sad indeed if the Hornets should end the season in the cellar.

—

Yes, it was "Mr." Eldridge who pitched for Greensboro Saturday, and the same personage will be seen in the box in Greenville today.

—

It will just be like both Greensboro and Anderson to come back strong today. "Deacon" Morrissey will probably pitch tomorrow.

—

The Journal is still trying to figure out how it came that the Twins didn't get both.

—

"The town that supports the league" is having the worst time ever with its team.

—

It would be sad indeed if the Hornets should end the season in the cellar.

—

Yes, it was "Mr." Eldridge who pitched for Greensboro Saturday, and the same personage will be seen in the box in Greenville today.

—

The Journal is still trying to figure out how it came that the Twins didn't get both.

—

"The town that supports the league" is having the worst time ever with its team.

—

It would be sad indeed if the Hornets should end the season in the cellar.

—

Yes, it was "Mr." Eldridge who pitched for Greensboro Saturday, and the same personage will be seen in the box in Greenville today.

—

The Journal is still trying to figure out how it came that the Twins didn't get both.

—

"The town that supports the league" is having the worst time ever with its team.

—

It would be sad indeed if the Hornets should end the season in the cellar.

—

Yes, it was "Mr." Eldridge who pitched for Greensboro Saturday, and the same personage will be seen in the box in Greenville today.

—

The Journal is still trying to figure out how it came that the Twins didn't get both.

—

"The town that supports the league" is having the worst time ever with its team.

—

It would be sad indeed if the Hornets should end the season in the cellar.

—

Yes, it was "Mr." Eldridge who pitched for Greensboro Saturday, and the same personage will be seen in the box in Greenville today.

—

The Journal is still trying to figure out how it came that the Twins didn't get both.

—

"The town that supports the league" is having the worst time ever with its team.

—

It would be sad indeed if the Hornets should end the season in the cellar.

—

Yes, it was "Mr." Eldridge who pitched for Greensboro Saturday, and the same personage will be seen in the box in Greenville today.

—

The Journal is still trying to figure out how it came that the Twins didn't get both.

—

"The town that supports the league" is having the worst time ever with its team.

—

It would be sad indeed if the Hornets should end the season in the cellar.

—

Yes, it was "Mr." Eldridge who pitched for Greensboro Saturday, and the same personage will be seen in the box in Greenville today.

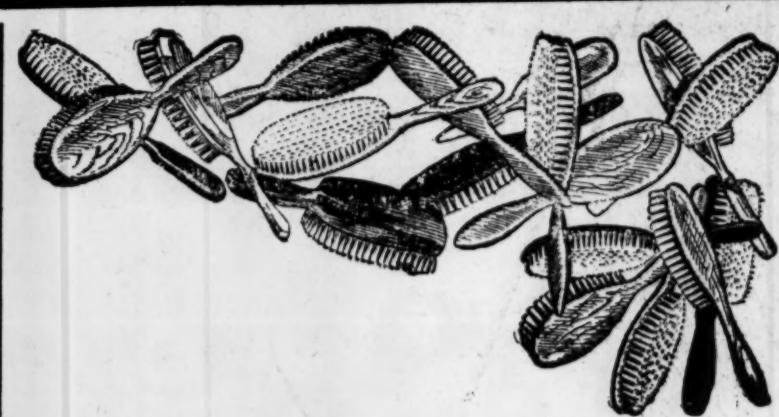
—

The Journal is still trying to figure out how it came that the Twins didn't get both.

—

"The town that supports the league" is having the worst time ever with its team.

—



Hair Brushes, Tooth Brushes, Nail Brushes, Bath Brushes, in fact Brushes of every description can always be found at our store and each one carries our personal guarantee. Come back and get your money if not satisfied.

FARISS-KLUTZ DRUG COMPANY

The Store That Appreciates Your Business.

THE "JOE" CAFE

337 SOUTH ELM STREET

New, Clean, Attractive. Quick Service. Good Meals. Reasonable Prices.

J. C. EDMONDSON, Manager.

Free Motion Pictures

CHANGED DAILY

At Lindley Park
Dance Tuesday and Friday Nights

Still have a supply of Seasonable Summer Goods, Genuine Porcelain Lined Refrigerators, Ice Boxes, Ice Cream Freezers, Ice Tools of different kinds, different kinds of water coolers, The King Fly Killer, Lawn Hose, Lawn Mowers, Reap Hooks, and many other useful articles.

Yours to please,

Greensboro Hardware Co.,
Phone 131 221 South Elm St

Why keep your friends and family in suspense? A Western Union "Day Letter" will give them all the news before a letter could be started on its way.

THE WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH COMPANY

A Little Telegram Want Ad will Get Results. Try One.

BANKERS OF STATE MEET TOMORROW AT WRIGHTSVILLE

(Continued from Page One.)

the hotel, being called to order by W. S. Blakeney, of Monroe, president. After the invocation by Rev. N. H. D. Wilson, presiding elder of the Wilmington district of the North Carolina Conference M. E. Church, South, the address of welcome will be made by H. C. McQueen, president of the Murchison National Bank. The response will be made by ex-Judge W. H. Neal, of Laurinburg. This will be followed by the annual report of President Blakeney, who is one of the most prominent bankers in the territory embraced in the association. He is president of the Bank of Union, Monroe, and is also president of a bank at Chesterfield, S. C. Following the president's report an address will be made by A. W. Peace, cashier of the Bank of Lumberton, after which an announcement of committees will be made and adjournment taken. Special cars of the Tidewater Power Co. will be in waiting to convey the delegates and visitors to the various clubs on the beach and Lumina, accompanied by representatives of the Wilmington Clearing House Association, ladies and friends.

The convention will be called to order Thursday morning at 9:15 o'clock by President Blakeney. The feature of the meeting will be an address by Harry B. Wilcox, president of the First National Bank, Baltimore, Md., whose subject will be, "The Country Banker." Mr. Wilcox is well known among the bankers of the South. He entered the banking business when a mere lad, grew up in the business and is familiar with every feature of it, and has the ability to impart his knowledge in a most practical and pleasing manner. Those who have heard him speak are glad of the opportunity which will be presented to again hear him. He will be followed by Mr. Claude Gore, president of the Bank of Rockingham, whose subject will be "One year, seven months and four days a country banker." Mr. Gore is a former Wilmingtonian, and is a son of Mr. D. L. Gore of this city. He has hundreds of friends in this city who will be pleased to greet him on this trip and to listen to his address.

The addresses will be followed by a discussion of exchange rates. All members are supposed to express themselves freely in short talks. Following reports of committees officers for the ensuing year will be elected, after which the convention will adjourn. While this will conclude the formal sessions of the convention, it does not mean that the visitors will depart during the day, but rather that they will be placed in a position to enjoy to the fullest extent the many attractions of the resort. After adjournment and lunch special boats at the Oceanic will be in waiting at the hotel piers to take, such as care to go, sailing, fishing, etc., returning in time for sun bathing. Thursday evening the visitors will be guests of the Tidewater Power Co. at a souvenir dance at Lumina. The visitors will be conveyed from the hotel to the pleasure palace in special cars leaving the hotel at 9 o'clock. This will be the concluding feature of the convention.

In its write-up of the right kind of county health officials and also the other kind, the July issue of the State Health Bulletin contains an article regarding the work of the Guilford County Board of Health, through County Superintendent of Health, G. Floyd Ross, that will be of interest to Guilford people. While the county's name is not mentioned in the article the particulars mentioned are well known to many Guilford people. The article, which heartily praises the action taken by Dr. Ross in the case described, is as follows:

"In another county, some two months ago, the county superintendent of health incidentally heard of a case of typhoid fever in a home close to one of the most traveled public roads of his county. The well supplying water for this house was frequently used by passers-by. No law required him, no people demanded him to investigate that case of typhoid fever; but he, seeing what his constituency could not see, recognizing the possible relation of that well and that case of fever to the public health of the county, investigated it. He obtained the following history: In 1909 a family of seven occupied that house; six of them during that year had typhoid fever. No one lived in the house in 1910. The family living in the house in 1911 had already developed one case of typhoid fever in May. Question: If six of a family of seven contracted typhoid fever from that well in 1909, and a member of another family contracted it from the same well in the early part of 1911, and if, as was actually the case, the well was found polluted for at least two years, and many travelers had stopped daily during all that time to drink of that polluted water, how many cases of typhoid fever did this health officer prevent when he closed the well? It would probably be very safe to say that in the past two or three years over a hundred cases of typhoid fever scattered about over the county and thereby giving rise to secondary cases, resulted from drinking that polluted water supply."

"That county is one of the three counties in North Carolina that employ their county superintendent of health to give his entire time to his work. The sensible people of that county believe that it pays to invest as much in a man to arrest preventable disease and death, as in a man to arrest crime; to spend as much on the life and health of her people as she does in macadamizing a single mile of road; that in the one act of their health officer above cited they have saved many times over in actual dollars and cents the salary paid him."

"Ninety-seven counties in North Carolina do not see the wisdom of the above county in employing a man for his entire time to look after the health interests of the people. They do not agree with Emerson, who said: 'The first wealth is health,' and with Pasteur, who said: 'It is in the power of man to cause all germ diseases to disappear from the world.'

"County health officers, yours is a great opportunity. The next generation of physicians will have no such opportunity. Lead your people from the shadow of sanitary ignorance into the life-giving light of preventive medicine."

Youth is the time to go flashing from one end of the world to the other both in mind and body; to try the manners of different nations; to hear the chimes at midnight; to see sunrise in town and country; to be converted at a revival; run a mile to see a fire; or wait all day long in the theater.

The City's Finances.

Elsewhere in today's paper is found the quarterly report of the city's finances as found by Special Auditor E. J. Forney. The report was filed by Mayor Murphy at the meeting of the Board of Commissioners.

STATEHOOD BILL DEBATE IN SENATE; VOTE THIS AFTERNOON

Washington, Aug. 8.—Senator Crawford of South Dakota, spoke in favor of the admission of Arizona and New Mexico, but against the recall feature of the Arizona constitution, when the Senate met today. The vote will probably be taken later in the day, both on the original Flood bill as it passed the House and on the substitute introduced by Senator Nelson, which has the backing of the administration.

Senator Thornton, of Louisiana, favored statehood. He refused to let pass Senator Root's statement that every vote in favor of Statehood was a vote in favor of the recall, but said his vote for the measure was in no way an approval of the recall.

Senator Clapp strongly favored Statehood and the recall. He charged that a member of the cabinet had threatened people of Arizona that they would lose federal patronage if they did not oppose the recall. Mr. Clapp evidently referred to Postmaster General Hitchcock, but no names were mentioned.

GOOD WORK OF GUILFORD COUNTY'S HEALTH OFFICER

In its write-up of the right kind of county health officials and also the other kind, the July issue of the State Health Bulletin contains an article regarding the work of the Guilford County Board of Health, through County Superintendent of Health, G. Floyd Ross, that will be of interest to Guilford people. While the county's name is not mentioned in the article the particulars mentioned are well known to many Guilford people. The article, which heartily praises the action taken by Dr. Ross in the case described, is as follows:

"In another county, some two months ago, the county superintendent of health incidentally heard of a case of typhoid fever in a home close to one of the most traveled public roads of his county. The well supplying water for this house was frequently used by passers-by. No law required him, no people demanded him to investigate that case of typhoid fever; but he, seeing what his constituency could not see, recognizing the possible relation of that well and that case of fever to the public health of the county, investigated it. He obtained the following history: In 1909 a family of seven occupied that house; six of them during that year had typhoid fever. No one lived in the house in 1910. The family living in the house in 1911 had already developed one case of typhoid fever in May. Question: If six of a family of seven contracted typhoid fever from that well in 1909, and a member of another family contracted it from the same well in the early part of 1911, and if, as was actually the case, the well was found polluted for at least two years, and many travelers had stopped daily during all that time to drink of that polluted water, how many cases of typhoid fever did this health officer prevent when he closed the well? It would probably be very safe to say that in the past two or three years over a hundred cases of typhoid fever scattered about over the county and thereby giving rise to secondary cases, resulted from drinking that polluted water supply."

"That county is one of the three counties in North Carolina that employ their county superintendent of health to give his entire time to his work. The sensible people of that county believe that it pays to invest as much in a man to arrest preventable disease and death, as in a man to arrest crime; to spend as much on the life and health of her people as she does in macadamizing a single mile of road; that in the one act of their health officer above cited they have saved many times over in actual dollars and cents the salary paid him."

"Ninety-seven counties in North Carolina do not see the wisdom of the above county in employing a man for his entire time to look after the health interests of the people. They do not agree with Emerson, who said: 'The first wealth is health,' and with Pasteur, who said: 'It is in the power of man to cause all germ diseases to disappear from the world.'

"County health officers, yours is a great opportunity. The next generation of physicians will have no such opportunity. Lead your people from the shadow of sanitary ignorance into the life-giving light of preventive medicine."

Youth is the time to go flashing from one end of the world to the other both in mind and body; to try the manners of different nations; to hear the chimes at midnight; to see sunrise in town and country; to be converted at a revival; run a mile to see a fire; or wait all day long in the theater.

The City's Finances.

Elsewhere in today's paper is found the quarterly report of the city's finances as found by Special Auditor E. J. Forney. The report was filed by Mayor Murphy at the meeting of the Board of Commissioners.

Attention, Please!

Here is the Opportunity of the Season For BUYING SHOES

The Bankrupt Stock of the IRELAND SHOE STORE Must be Closed Out in the Shortest Possible Time. No Chance Anywhere to Beat These Prices:

LADIES' SHOES

All \$3.50 and \$4 Ladies' Oxfords, now	\$1.75
All \$3 Ladies' Oxfords, now	\$1.50
All \$2 and \$2.50 Ladies' Oxfords, now	\$1.25
Ladies' Boudoirs, regular \$1.25 quality, now	\$.50

MEN'S SHOES

All Men's Oxfords, priced at \$3.50 and \$4, now	\$1.75
Men's House Shoes, regular \$1.50 quality, now	\$.75
Misses' and Children's Shoes and Oxfords at HALF PRICE	

C. C. HINKLE,
Manager

F. C. BOYLES,
Trustee.
IRELAND'S SHOE STORE
302 SOUTH ELM STREET

The Great
Hans Wagner

is enthusiastic about the delicious, refreshing and thirst-quenching goodness of

Coca-Cola

He says it is the only beverage he ever drank that has vim, vigor and go to it—that quenches his thirst to stay quenched, and that has no let down after-effects.

Delicious—Refreshing—Wholesome
5c Everywhere

Send 2c stamp for our booklet, "The Truth About Coca-Cola" and that clever and useful scoring device, the Coca-Cola Perpetual Counter.

THE COCA-COLA COMPANY
Atlanta, Ga.

Whenever you see an Arrow think of Coca-Cola

STREET CAR SCHEDULE.

Following is the street car schedule of the North Carolina Public Service Company:

For South Greensboro and Lindley Park.

Beginning at 6:10 a. m. and continuing until 11:10 p. m. cars leave Court Square at 10 minutes after the hour, 10 minutes before the hour and on the half hour.

For White Oak.

Beginning at 6 a. m. and continuing until 11:30 p. m. cars leave Court Square on the hour and the half hour.

For Proximity.

Beginning at 6 a. m. and continuing until 11:30 p. m. cars leave Court Square on the hour, 15 minutes past, half past and 15 minutes before the hour.

For Piedmont.

Beginning at 6 a. m. and continuing until 11:30 p. m. cars leave Court Square at 15 minutes before the hour on the hour, and 15 minutes after the hour.

Sundays the cars start two hours later than on week days, but otherwise the schedule is the same on Sunday as on the other days of the week.

Ever notice that the man who can take one drink and stop generally lets some other fellow buy it for him?

Politics and common sense have had a divorce.

The "Bargain Hunter" Always Has Money

Haven't you noticed the strange coincidence that, although accused of improvidence and extravagance, and of buying things not needed simply because they are cheap, the "BARGAIN HUNTER" seems ALWAYS TO HAVE ENOUGH MONEY with which to make all of these extravagant purchases?

It is the woman who is "too busy to read the ads." who is too busy to BUY WISELY! and who can never "afford" to buy even the very best of bargains!

To know WHAT IT OUGHT TO COST—and to SAVE A WORTH WHILE PORTION of that sum when you buy it, is the PRIVILEGE OF THE AD-READER.

It Pays to Think!

It Pays to Advertise Bargains in The Telegram